

Source: TSG CN WG 1
Title: CR to R99 (with mirror CRs) and Rel-5 on Work Item QoS towards 24.008
Agenda item: 7.19
Document for: APPROVAL

Introduction:

This document contains 4 CRs on R99 (with mirror CRs) and Rel-5 (since similar CRs on R99 and Rel-4 was not agreed as important enough for frozen releases) to Work Item "QoS", that have been agreed by TSG CN WG1, and are forwarded to TSG CN Plenary meeting #15 for approval.

Spec	CR	Rev	Phase	Subject	Cat	Version-Current	Version-New	Doc-2nd-Level
24.008	558	2	R99	Conditions for including R97 QoS attributes in the QoS IE	F	3.10.0	3.11.0	N1-020445
24.008	564	1	Rel-5	Handling for QoS profile parameter 'transfer delay'	F	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-020379
24.008	570	1	Rel-4	Conditions for including R97 QoS attributes in the QoS IE	A	4.5.0	4.6.0	N1-020446
24.008	571	1	Rel-5	Conditions for including R97 QoS attributes in the QoS IE	A	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-020447

CR-Form-v5

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **24.008 CR 558** ⌘ rev **2** ⌘ Current version: **3.10.0** ⌘

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network Core Network

Title:	⌘ Conditions for including R97 QoS attributes in the QoS IE		
Source:	⌘ Motorola		
Work item code:	⌘ QoS	Date:	⌘ 2002-01-30
Category:	⌘ F	Release:	⌘ R99
	Use <u>one</u> of the following categories: F (correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (addition of feature), C (functional modification of feature) D (editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900 .		Use <u>one</u> of the following releases: 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) REL-4 (Release 4) REL-5 (Release 5)

Reason for change:	⌘ Although TS 24.008 indicates that the QoS IE is defined to allow backwards compatibility, it does not specify any requirements for ensuring this backwards compatibility. In particular, it does not specify that an MS shall provide both the R97 QoS values and the R99 QoS values.
Summary of change:	⌘ The CR clarifies that the QoS requested by an MS shall be reflected both in the R97 QoS attributes and in the R99 QoS attributes.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘ If the requested QoS is reflected only in the R99 QoS attributes but not in the R97 QoS attributes, interoperability problems will occur when the SGSN is R97/98 compliant. In such cases, PDP contexts will be activated with the default (subscribed) QoS values; not with the QoS values requested by the user.

Clauses affected:	⌘ 10.5.6.5	
Other specs affected:	⌘ <input type="checkbox"/> Other core specifications <input type="checkbox"/> Test specifications <input type="checkbox"/> O&M Specifications	⌘
Other comments:	⌘	

FIRST SECTION (for information)**6.1.3.1.1 Successful PDP context activation initiated by the mobile station**

In order to request a PDP context activation, the MS sends an ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message to the network, enters the state PDP-ACTIVE-PENDING and starts timer T3380. The message contains the selected NSAPI, PDP type, requested QoS and, if the MS requests a static address, the PDP address. The MS shall ensure that the selected NSAPI is not currently being used by another Session Management entity in the MS.

Upon receipt of an ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message, the network selects a radio priority level based on the QoS negotiated and may reply with an ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT ACCEPT message. Upon receipt of the message ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT ACCEPT the MS shall stop timer T3380, shall enter the state PDP-ACTIVE. If the offered QoS parameters received from the network differ from the QoS requested by the MS, the MS shall either accept the negotiated QoS or initiate the PDP context deactivation procedure.

In GSM, the MS shall initiate establishment of the logical link for the LLC SAPI indicated by the network with the offered QoS and selected radio priority level if no logical link has been already established for that SAPI. If the offered QoS parameters received from the network differ from the QoS requested by the MS, the MS shall either accept the negotiated QoS or initiate the PDP context deactivation procedure. If the LLC SAPI indicated by the network can not be supported by the MS, the MS shall initiate the PDP context deactivation procedure.

In UMTS, both the network and the MS shall store the LLC SAPI and the radio priority in the PDP context. If a UMTS to GSM system change is performed, the new SGSN shall initiate establishment of the logical link using the negotiated QoS profile, the negotiated LLC SAPI, and selected radio priority level stored in the PDP context as in a GSM to GSM Routing Area Update.

An MS, which is capable of operating in both GSM and UMTS, shall use a valid LLC SAPI, while an MS which is capable of operating only in UMTS shall indicate the LLC SAPI value as "LLC SAPI not assigned" in order to avoid unnecessary value range checking and any other possible confusion in the network.

NOTE: The radio priority level and the LLC SAPI parameters, though not used in UMTS, shall be included in the messages, in order to support handover between UMTS and GSM networks.

MODIFICATION**10.5.6.5 Quality of service**

The purpose of the *quality of service* information element is to specify the QoS parameters for a PDP context.

The QoS IE is defined to allow backward compatibility to earlier version of Session Management Protocol.

The *quality of service* is a type 4 information element with a length of 13 octets. The QoS requested by the MS shall be encoded both in the QoS attributes specified in octets 3-5 and in the QoS attributes specified in octets 6-13.

The *quality of service* information element is coded as shown in figure 10.5.138/3GPP TS 24.008 and table 10.5.156/3GPP TS 24.008.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
Quality of service IEI								octet 1
Length of quality of service IE								Octet 2
0 0 spare		Delay class			Reliability class			octet 3
Peak throughput				0 spare	Precedence class			octet 4
0 0 0 spare			Mean throughput					octet 5
Traffic Class			Delivery order		Delivery of erroneous SDU			Octet 6
Maximum SDU size								Octet 7
Maximum bit rate for uplink								Octet 8
Maximum bit rate for downlink								Octet 9
Residual BER				SDU error ratio				Octet 10
Transfer delay						Traffic Handling priority		Octet 11
Guaranteed bit rate for uplink								Octet 12
Guaranteed bit rate for downlink								Octet 13

Figure 10.5.138/3GPP TS 24.008: *Quality of service* information element

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **24.008 CR 571** ⌘ rev **1** ⌘ Current version: **5.2.0** ⌘

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network Core Network

Title:	⌘ Conditions for including R97 QoS attributes in the QoS IE		
Source:	⌘ Motorola		
Work item code:	⌘ QoS	Date:	⌘ 2002-01-28
Category:	⌘ A	Release:	⌘ REL-5
	Use <u>one</u> of the following categories: F (correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (addition of feature), C (functional modification of feature) D (editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.		Use <u>one</u> of the following releases: 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) REL-4 (Release 4) REL-5 (Release 5)

Reason for change:	⌘ Although TS 24.008 indicates that the QoS IE is defined to allow backwards compatibility, it does not specify any requirements for ensuring this backwards compatibility. In particular, it does not specify when an MS shall include both the R97 QoS values and the R99 QoS values.
Summary of change:	⌘ The CR clarifies that the QoS requested by an MS shall be reflected both in the R97 QoS attributes and in the R99 QoS attributes.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘ If the requested QoS is reflected only in the R99 QoS attributes but not in the R97 QoS attributes, interoperability problems will occur when the SGSN is R97/98 compliant. In such cases, PDP contexts will be activated with the default (subscribed) QoS values; not with the QoS values requested by the user.

Clauses affected:	⌘ 10.5.6.5	
Other specs affected:	⌘ <input type="checkbox"/> Other core specifications <input type="checkbox"/> Test specifications <input type="checkbox"/> O&M Specifications	⌘
Other comments:	⌘	

FIRST SECTION (for information)

6.1.3.1.1 Successful PDP context activation initiated by the mobile station

In order to request a PDP context activation, the MS sends an ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message to the network, enters the state PDP-ACTIVE-PENDING and starts timer T3380. The message contains the selected NSAPI, PDP type, requested QoS and, if the MS requests a static address, the PDP address. The MS shall ensure that the selected NSAPI is not currently being used by another Session Management entity in the MS.

Upon receipt of an ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message, the network selects a radio priority level based on the QoS negotiated and may reply with an ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT ACCEPT message. Upon receipt of the message ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT ACCEPT the MS shall stop timer T3380, shall enter the state PDP-ACTIVE. If the offered QoS parameters received from the network differ from the QoS requested by the MS, the MS shall either accept the negotiated QoS or initiate the PDP context deactivation procedure.

In GSM, the MS shall initiate establishment of the logical link for the LLC SAPI indicated by the network with the offered QoS and selected radio priority level if no logical link has been already established for that SAPI. If the offered QoS parameters received from the network differ from the QoS requested by the MS, the MS shall either accept the negotiated QoS or initiate the PDP context deactivation procedure. If the LLC SAPI indicated by the network can not be supported by the MS, the MS shall initiate the PDP context deactivation procedure.

In UMTS, both the network and the MS shall store the LLC SAPI and the radio priority in the PDP context. If a UMTS to GSM system change is performed, the new SGSN shall initiate establishment of the logical link using the negotiated QoS profile, the negotiated LLC SAPI, and selected radio priority level stored in the PDP context as in a GSM to GSM Routing Area Update.

An MS, which is capable of operating in both GSM and UMTS, shall use a valid LLC SAPI, while an MS which is capable of operating only in UMTS shall indicate the LLC SAPI value as "LLC SAPI not assigned" in order to avoid unnecessary value range checking and any other possible confusion in the network.

NOTE: The radio priority level and the LLC SAPI parameters, though not used in UMTS, shall be included in the messages, in order to support handover between UMTS and GSM networks.

NEXT MODIFICATION

10.5.6.5 Quality of service

The purpose of the *quality of service* information element is to specify the QoS parameters for a PDP context.

The QoS IE is defined to allow backward compatibility to earlier version of Session Management Protocol.

The *quality of service* is a type 4 information element with a length of 14 octets. The QoS requested by the MS shall be encoded both in the QoS attributes specified in octets 3-5 and in the QoS attributes specified in octets 6-14.

The *quality of service* information element is coded as shown in figure 10.5.138/3GPP TS 24.008 and table 10.5.156/3GPP TS 24.008.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
Quality of service IEI								octet 1
Length of quality of service IE								Octet 2
0 0 spare		Delay class			Reliability class			octet 3
Peak throughput				0 spare		Precedence class		octet 4
0 0 0 spare			Mean throughput					octet 5
Traffic Class			Delivery order		Delivery of erroneous SDU			Octet 6
Maximum SDU size								Octet 7
Maximum bit rate for uplink								Octet 8
Maximum bit rate for downlink								Octet 9
Residual BER				SDU error ratio				Octet 10
Transfer delay						Traffic Handling priority		Octet 11
Guaranteed bit rate for uplink								Octet 12
Guaranteed bit rate for downlink								Octet 13
0 0 0 0 Spare				Source Statistics Descriptor				Octet 14

Figure 10.5.138/3GPP TS 24.008: Quality of service information element

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **24.008 CR 570** ⌘ rev **1** ⌘ Current version: **4.5.0** ⌘

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network Core Network

Title:	⌘ Conditions for including R97 QoS attributes in the QoS IE		
Source:	⌘ Motorola		
Work item code:	⌘ QoS	Date:	⌘ 2002-01-28
Category:	⌘ A	Release:	⌘ REL-4
	Use <u>one</u> of the following categories: F (correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (addition of feature), C (functional modification of feature) D (editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.	Use <u>one</u> of the following releases: 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) REL-4 (Release 4) REL-5 (Release 5)	

Reason for change:	⌘ Although TS 24.008 indicates that the QoS IE is defined to allow backwards compatibility, it does not specify any requirements for ensuring this backwards compatibility. In particular, it does not specify when an MS shall include both the R97 QoS values and the R99 QoS values.
Summary of change:	⌘ The CR clarifies that the QoS requested by an MS shall be reflected both in the R97 QoS attributes and in the R99 QoS attributes.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘ If the requested QoS is reflected only in the R99 QoS attributes but not in the R97 QoS attributes, interoperability problems will occur when the SGSN is R97/98 compliant. In such cases, PDP contexts will be activated with the default (subscribed) QoS values; not with the QoS values requested by the user.

Clauses affected:	⌘ 10.5.6.5	
Other specs affected:	⌘ <input type="checkbox"/> Other core specifications <input type="checkbox"/> Test specifications <input type="checkbox"/> O&M Specifications	⌘
Other comments:	⌘	

FIRST SECTION (for information)

6.1.3.1.1 Successful PDP context activation initiated by the mobile station

In order to request a PDP context activation, the MS sends an ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message to the network, enters the state PDP-ACTIVE-PENDING and starts timer T3380. The message contains the selected NSAPI, PDP type, requested QoS and, if the MS requests a static address, the PDP address. The MS shall ensure that the selected NSAPI is not currently being used by another Session Management entity in the MS.

Upon receipt of an ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message, the network selects a radio priority level based on the QoS negotiated and may reply with an ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT ACCEPT message. Upon receipt of the message ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT ACCEPT the MS shall stop timer T3380, shall enter the state PDP-ACTIVE. If the offered QoS parameters received from the network differ from the QoS requested by the MS, the MS shall either accept the negotiated QoS or initiate the PDP context deactivation procedure.

In GSM, the MS shall initiate establishment of the logical link for the LLC SAPI indicated by the network with the offered QoS and selected radio priority level if no logical link has been already established for that SAPI. If the offered QoS parameters received from the network differ from the QoS requested by the MS, the MS shall either accept the negotiated QoS or initiate the PDP context deactivation procedure. If the LLC SAPI indicated by the network can not be supported by the MS, the MS shall initiate the PDP context deactivation procedure.

In UMTS, both the network and the MS shall store the LLC SAPI and the radio priority in the PDP context. If a UMTS to GSM system change is performed, the new SGSN shall initiate establishment of the logical link using the negotiated QoS profile, the negotiated LLC SAPI, and selected radio priority level stored in the PDP context as in a GSM to GSM Routing Area Update.

An MS, which is capable of operating in both GSM and UMTS, shall use a valid LLC SAPI, while an MS which is capable of operating only in UMTS shall indicate the LLC SAPI value as "LLC SAPI not assigned" in order to avoid unnecessary value range checking and any other possible confusion in the network.

NOTE: The radio priority level and the LLC SAPI parameters, though not used in UMTS, shall be included in the messages, in order to support handover between UMTS and GSM networks.

NEXT MODIFICATION

10.5.6.5 Quality of service

The purpose of the *quality of service* information element is to specify the QoS parameters for a PDP context.

The QoS IE is defined to allow backward compatibility to earlier version of Session Management Protocol.

The *quality of service* is a type 4 information element with a length of 13 octets. The QoS requested by the MS shall be encoded both in the QoS attributes specified in octets 3-5 and in the QoS attributes specified in octets 6-13.

The *quality of service* information element is coded as shown in figure 10.5.138/3GPP TS 24.008 and table 10.5.156/3GPP TS 24.008.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
Quality of service IEI								octet 1
Length of quality of service IE								Octet 2
0 0 spare		Delay class			Reliability class			octet 3
Peak throughput				0 spare		Precedence class		octet 4
0 0 0 spare			Mean throughput					octet 5
Traffic Class			Delivery order		Delivery of erroneous SDU			Octet 6
Maximum SDU size								Octet 7
Maximum bit rate for uplink								Octet 8
Maximum bit rate for downlink								Octet 9
Residual BER				SDU error ratio				Octet 10
Transfer delay						Traffic Handling priority		Octet 11
Guaranteed bit rate for uplink								Octet 12
Guaranteed bit rate for downlink								Octet 13

Figure 10.5.138/3GPP TS 24.008: *Quality of service* information element

CR-Form-v5

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **24008 CR 564** ⌘ **r1** ⌘ Current version: **5.2.0** ⌘

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network Core Network

Title:	⌘ Handling for QoS profile parameter 'transfer delay'		
Source:	⌘ Siemens		
Work item code:	⌘ QoS	Date:	⌘ 29.01.2002
Category:	⌘ F	Release:	⌘ REL-5
	Use <u>one</u> of the following categories: F (correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (addition of feature), C (functional modification of feature) D (editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.		Use <u>one</u> of the following releases: 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) REL-4 (Release 4) REL-5 (Release 5)

Reason for change:	⌘ TS 23.107 specifies a value range for the UMTS bearer service attribute 'transfer delay' (applies for real-time traffic classes 'Conversational' and 'Streaming' only). The lower bound for the value range is 100 ms for the traffic class 'Conversational' and is 250 ms for the traffic class 'Streaming'. The coding of the lower bound for parameter 'transfer delay' in TS 24.008 allows values from 10 ms onwards. Thus, values ranging from 10 ms to 90 ms can be requested though it would be in contrast to the defined value range in 23.107
Summary of change:	⌘ In case a lower value for the attribute 'transfer delay' is requested, the network side should negotiate this value to a value which is in compliance to the value range as defined in TS 23.107. This shall be applied in general to any QoS attribute which is within the range of TS24.008 but out of range according to TS 23.107.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘ A MS may request values for a transfer delay which are out of the defined range, and the network side rejects the entire context request.

Clauses affected:	⌘ 6.1.3.1.1, 6.1.3.2.1, 6.1.3.3.2		
Other specs affected:	⌘ <input type="checkbox"/> Other core specifications <input type="checkbox"/> Test specifications <input type="checkbox"/> O&M Specifications	⌘	
Other comments:	⌘		

How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm. Below is a brief summary:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/> For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

6.1.3.1.1 Successful PDP context activation initiated by the mobile station

In order to request a PDP context activation, the MS sends an ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message to the network, enters the state PDP-ACTIVE-PENDING and starts timer T3380. The message contains the selected NSAPI, PDP type, requested QoS and, if the MS requests a static address, the PDP address. The MS shall ensure that the selected NSAPI is not currently being used by another Session Management entity in the MS.

Upon receipt of an ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message, the network selects a radio priority level based on the QoS negotiated and may reply with an ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT ACCEPT message. Upon receipt of the message ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT ACCEPT the MS shall stop timer T3380, shall enter the state PDP-ACTIVE. If the offered QoS parameters received from the network differ from the QoS requested by the MS, the MS shall either accept the negotiated QoS or initiate the PDP context deactivation procedure.

NOTE 1: If the MS requested a value for a QoS parameter that is not within the range specified by 3GPP TS 23.107, the network should negotiate the parameter to a value that lies within the specified range.

In GSM, the MS shall initiate establishment of the logical link for the LLC SAPI indicated by the network with the offered QoS and selected radio priority level if no logical link has been already established for that SAPI. If the offered QoS parameters received from the network differ from the QoS requested by the MS, the MS shall either accept the negotiated QoS or initiate the PDP context deactivation procedure. If the LLC SAPI indicated by the network can not be supported by the MS, the MS shall initiate the PDP context deactivation procedure.

In UMTS, both the network and the MS shall store the LLC SAPI and the radio priority in the PDP context. If a UMTS to GSM system change is performed, the new SGSN shall initiate establishment of the logical link using the negotiated QoS profile, the negotiated LLC SAPI, and selected radio priority level stored in the PDP context as in a GSM to GSM Routing Area Update.

An MS, which is capable of operating in both GSM and UMTS, shall use a valid LLC SAPI, while an MS which is capable of operating only in UMTS shall indicate the LLC SAPI value as "LLC SAPI not assigned" in order to avoid unnecessary value range checking and any other possible confusion in the network.

NOTE 2: The radio priority level and the LLC SAPI parameters, though not used in UMTS, shall be included in the messages, in order to support handover between UMTS and GSM networks.

NEXT MODIFICATION

6.1.3.2.1 Successful Secondary PDP Context Activation Procedure Initiated by the MS

In order to request a PDP context activation with the same PDP address and APN as an already active PDP context, the MS shall send an ACTIVATE SECONDARY PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message to the network, enter the state PDP-ACTIVE-PENDING and start timer T3380. The message shall contain the selected NSAPI. The MS shall ensure that the selected NSAPI is not currently being used by another Session Management entity in the MS. The message shall also include a QoS profile, a requested LLC SAPI and the Linked TI. The QoS profile is the requested QoS. If present, the TFT shall be sent transparently through the SGSN to the GGSN to enable packet classification and policing for downlink data transfer.

Upon receipt of an ACTIVATE SECONDARY PDP CONTEXT REQUEST, the network shall validate the message by verifying the TI given in the Linked TI IE to be any of the active PDP context(s). The same GGSN address shall be used by the SGSN as for the already established PDP context(s) for that PDP address. The network shall select a radio priority level based on the QoS negotiated and shall reply with an ACTIVATE SECONDARY PDP CONTEXT ACCEPT message, if the request can be accepted.

NOTE 1: If the MS requested a value for a QoS parameter that is not within the range specified by 3GPP TS 23.107, the network should negotiate the parameter to a value that lies within the specified range.

Upon receipt of the message ACTIVATE SECONDARY PDP CONTEXT ACCEPT, the MS shall stop timer T3380 and enter the state PDP-ACTIVE. If the offered QoS parameters received from the network differ from the QoS requested by the MS, the MS shall either accept the negotiated QoS or initiate the PDP context deactivation procedure.

In GSM the MS shall initiate establishment of the logical link for the LLC SAPI indicated by the network with the offered QoS and selected radio priority level if no logical link has been already established for that SAPI. If the LLC SAPI indicated by the network can not be supported by the MS, the MS shall initiate the PDP context deactivation procedure.

In UMTS, both SGSN and MS shall store the LLC SAPI and the radio priority in the PDP context. If a UMTS to GSM Routing Area Update is performed, the new SGSN shall initiate establishment of the logical link using the negotiated LLC SAPI, the negotiated QoS profile and selected radio priority level stored in the PDP context as in a GSM to GSM Routing Area Update.

An MS, which is capable of operating in both GSM and UMTS, shall use a valid LLC SAPI, while an MS which is capable of operating only in UMTS shall indicate the LLC SAPI value as "LLC SAPI not assigned" in order to avoid unnecessary value range checking and any other possible confusion in the network.

NOTE_2: The radio priority level and the LLC SAPI parameters, though not used in UMTS, shall be included in the messages, in order to support handover between UMTS and GSM networks.

NEXT MODIFICATION

6.1.3.3.2 MS initiated PDP Context Modification accepted by the network

In order to initiate the procedure, the MS sends the MODIFY PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message to the network, enters the state PDP-MODIFY-PENDING and starts timer T3381. The message may contain the requested new QoS and/or the TFT and the requested LLC SAPI (used in GSM).

Upon receipt of the MODIFY PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message, the network may reply with the MODIFY PDP CONTEXT ACCEPT message in order to accept the context modification. The reply message may contain the negotiated QoS and the radio priority level based on the new QoS profile and the negotiated LLC SAPI, that shall be used in GSM by the logical link.

Upon receipt of the MODIFY PDP CONTEXT ACCEPT message, the MS shall stop the timer T3381. If the offered QoS parameters received from the network differs from the QoS requested by the MS, the MS shall either accept the negotiated QoS or initiate the PDP context deactivation procedure.

Note: ___ When modification of QoS was requested by the MS, if the network does not accept the MS request, being unable to provide the requested QoS, it should maintain the QoS negotiated as previously negotiated or propose a new QoS. Therefore, the network would not reject the MS initiated PDP context modification request due to the unavailability of the required QoS. If the MS requested a value for a QoS parameter that is not within the range specified by 3GPP TS 23.107, the network should negotiate the parameter to a value that lies within the specified range.