3GPP TSG_CN **Tdoc NP-000442**
Plenary Meeting #9, Oahu, Hawaii
20th – 22nd September 2000.

Source: **TSG_N WG 1**

Title: **CRs to R99 Work Item CS Multimedia**

Agenda item: **8.7.1**

Document for: **APPROVAL**

Introduction:

This document contains 1 CRs on R99 Work Item CS Multimedia, that has been agreed by TSG_N WG1, and is forwarded to TSG_N Plenary meeting #9 for approval.

Spec	CR	R	Doc-2nd-Level	Phase	Subject	Cat	Ver_C	Ver_N
24.008	254	1	N1-001021	R99	3.1 kHz multimedia calls at 33.6 kbit/s data rate	F	3.4.1	3.5.0

3GPP TSG-CN1 Meeting #13

Document N1-001021

Rev of N1-000951

Vancouver/Canada 14-18 August, 2000

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

CHANGE REQUEST

Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.

24.008	CR	254r1	Current Version:	3.4.1

GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑ *↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team*

For submission to: CN#9	for approval	X	strategic		(for SMG use only)
list expected approval meeting # here ↑	for information		non-strategic	X	

Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG *The latest version of this form is available from: ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc*

Proposed change affects: *(at least one should be marked with an X)*	(U)SIM		ME	X	UTRAN / Radio		Core Network	X

Source: TSGN1 **Date:** 17.8.2000

Subject: 3.1 kHz multimedia calls at 33.6 kbit/s data rate

Work item: Multimedia

Category: *(only one category shall be marked with an X)*				**Release:**		
	F	Correction	X		Phase 2	
	A	Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release			Release 96	
	B	Addition of feature			Release 97	
	C	Functional modification of feature			Release 98	
	D	Editorial modification			Release 99	X
					Release 00	

Reason for change:

Circuit switched 3.1 kHz multimedia calls in UMTS can be made at rates 28.8 kbit/s and 33.6 kbit/s. The 28.8 kbit/s rate is in practice supported by all networks and terminals offering the 3.1 kHz multimedia service. As for the 33.6 kbit/s rate there are several practical problems:

- The transparent 33.6 kbit/s rate is not specified for all networks (e.g. GSM),
- The 33.6 kbit/s rate is not supported by all terminals,
- The 33.6 kbit/s rate does not work in all digital environments due to the bandwidth limitations of the used PCM codec/filter implementations.

Any of the above mentioned problems causes a failure in the setup phase of a 33.6 kbit/s multimedia call originating from UMTS. The success of a 33.6 kbit/s multimedia call can be guaranteed only if the UMTS user knows the capabilities of the used networks and the called terminal. The user also has to reconfigure parameters at the terminal before making a call.

For this purpose the CR proposes to add an in-call modification procedure for Multimedia Calls, with which the new Fixed Network User Rate can be indicated to the mobile station.

Because existing CS 3.1 kHz multimedia call at rate 33.6 kbit/s can be made usable with this change, therefore it is proposed that this CR is treated as a correction to R99.

Ref. Tdoc N1-000838 (N3-LS to N1).

Clauses affected: Table 10.5

Other specs Other 3G core specifications X → List of CRs: 29.007 (N3-000338), 27.001 (N3-000339),

affected:				
	Other GSM core specifications		→ List of CRs:	
	MS test specifications		→ List of CRs:	
	BSS test specifications		→ List of CRs:	
	O&M specifications		→ List of CRs:	

help.doc

<--------- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

***** Next modified section *****

5.3.6 Support of multimedia calls

5.3.6.1 Service description

The GSM-UMTS circuit-switched multimedia call is based on the 3G-324M [26.111], which is a 3GPP-variant of the ITU-T H.324 recommendation. CS Multimedia telephony is a Bearer Service, which utilizes the Synchronous Transparent Data service (BS30) [3].

At the multimedia call setup the required call type, 3G-324M, is indicated, for the network to be able to invoke appropriate interworking functionality. In the peer end the H.324 information is used to invoke the terminal application. In addition to H.324 indication the terminal must select Information Transfer Capability (ITC) for the multimedia call. The 'correct' ITC depends on the peer end and the transporting networks; an all-ISDN call is a UDI/RDI call, and a call, which involves PSTN, is an analog '3.1 kHz audio' call.

For the case when the setup of a multimedia call is not successful, fallback to speech is specified.

5.3.6.2 Call establishment

For both mobile originating and mobile terminating calls, the normal call establishment procedures apply, with the exceptions specified in the following sections.

For further description of the function of MSC/IWF in the following sections, see TS 29.007 [38].

5.3.6.2.1 Mobile originated multimedia call establishment

At call setup the required call type, 3G-324M, is indicated by the originating ~~mobile station~~MS in the SETUP message, with the *bearer capability* ~~*information element*~~*IE* parameter Other Rate Adaptation set to 'H.223 and H.245'. The support of a fallback to speech is requested by including also a *bearer capability* ~~*information element*~~*IE 2 with speech indication* in the SETUP message. ~~MSC~~ The network shall examine each mode described in the *bearer capability* ~~*information element*~~*IEs* included in the SETUP message by performing compatibility checking as defined in Annex B. If as a result of this compatibility checking the network decides to reject the call, then the network shall initiate call clearing as specified in section 5.4 with the following causes:

a) #57 "bearer capability not authorized"

b) #58 "bearer capability not presently available"

c) #65 "bearer service not implemented"

d) #70 "only restricted digital information bearer capability is available"

The originating user shall determine (possibly by pre-configuration of the terminal) whether a digital connection is required or if the call will be an analog modem call. If the call is expected to be digital the *bearer capability* ~~*information element*~~*IE* parameter ITC is set to UDI/RDI. In an analog call the *bearer capability* ~~*information element*~~*IE* parameter ITC is set to '3.1kHz audio ex PLMN'. Additionally required modem type is indicated (Other Modem Type = V.34).

5.3.6.2.1.1 Fallback to speech

If the ~~MSC/IWF F~~network, during setup of an analogue H.324-call, detects that the called end does not support a H.324 call, then ~~MSC~~ the network initiates the in-call modification procedure (see section 5.3.4.3) towards the MS~~calling mobile terminal~~ to modify the call mode to speech, if the MS~~calling terminal~~ had included a speech *bearer capability*~~information element~~*IE* in the SETUP message.

NOTE : fallback from digital (UDI) H.324-call to speech is not supported.

5.3.6.2.2 Mobile terminating multimedia call

At call setup the required call type, 3G-324M, is indicated by the ~~MSC~~ network in the SETUP message, with the *bearer capability* ~~*information element*~~*IE* parameter Other Rate Adaptation set to 'H.223 and H.245'. ITC is either '3.1kHz audio ex PLMN' or 'UDI/RDI'. If ~~MSC~~ the network supports fallback to speech, and if the subscriber has subscription to speech, a *bearer capability* ~~*information element*~~*IE 2* with speech indication is included in the SETUP message. *The bearer capability* ~~*information element*~~*IE(s)* may (in the case of the single numbering scheme) be missing from the SETUP-message.

The ~~destination mobile station~~MS shall perform the compatibility checking as defined in Annex B for the required mode(s) if indicated in the SETUP message. If as a result of compatibility checking the ~~mobile station~~MS decides to reject the call, the ~~mobile station~~MS shall initiate call clearing according to the procedures of section 5.4 with one of the following causes:

a) #57 "bearer capability not authorized"

b) #58 "bearer capability not presently available"

c) #65 "bearer service not implemented"

d) #88 "incompatible destination"

The ~~called mobile station~~MS shall indicate the supported call type(s) in the CALL_CONFIRMED-message, which is the acknowledgement to SETUP. The ~~mobile station~~MS has following options for the inclusion of *bearer capability* ~~*information element*~~*IE* in the CALL_CONFIRMED message:

- if the ~~mobile station~~MS/user accepts the offered multimedia call, and supports speech fallback both multimedia and speech *bearer capability* ~~*information element*~~*IEs* shall be included
- if the ~~mobile station~~MS/user accepts the offered multimedia call, but does not support speech fallback only a multimedia *bearer capability* ~~*information element*~~*IE shall be included*
- if the ~~mobile station~~MS/user wishes a speech (only) call a speech *bearer capability* ~~*information element*~~*IE* is included

If the SETUP contained no *bearer capability* ~~*information element*~~*IE* the ~~MSC~~ network shall perform compatibility checking of the CALL CONFIRMED message in the same way as the compatibility checking of the SETUP message in the mobile originating call case, described in section 5.3.6.2.1.

If modem handshaking fails (in a modem call) the call mode will be modified to speech. The modem signalling is inband, so the call must have reached the active state, when these conclusions about the presence of modems can be done. The call modifications are realized through the in-call modification procedure, by which ~~MSC~~ the network requests the ~~mobile station~~MS to modify the call mode ~~traffic channel characteristics~~ (see section 5.3.4.3).

NOTE: ~~F~~fallback from digital (UDI) H.324-call to speech is not supported.

5.3.6.X In-call modification in the "active" state

In order to change the bearer capability for a multimedia call, the following in-call modification procedure shall be used. Following bearer capability parameters can be modified with the procedure (see TS 29.007 [38]):

- Fixed Network User Rate

Only network side of the radio interface may act as the requesting user to invoke the in-call modification.

5.3.6.X.1 Initiation of in-call modification

The procedure is initiated by the network in the "active" state of the call. The network shall send a MODIFY message including *Immediate modification indicator IE* and the new bearer capability to be changed to; start timer T323; and enter the "mobile terminating modify" state. Any internal resources necessary to support the new bearer capability shall be reserved. The MODIFY originating side shall stop sending Bm-channel information; and stop interpreting received Bm-channel information according to the old bearer capability.

Upon receipt of the MODIFY message with *Immediate modification indicator IE*, the MS shall check to ensure that the requested bearer capability can be supported and if so, it shall initiate the reservation of any resources necessary to support the new bearer capability and enter the "mobile terminating modify" state.

5.3.6.X.2 Successful completion of in-call modification

If the MS can support the requested bearer capability the MS shall perform actions defined in TS 27.001 [37]. After successful modifications defined in TS 27.001 [37] the MS shall start sending user information according to the new bearer capability and start interpreting received user channel information according to the new bearer capability; send a MODIFY COMPLETE message with the new bearer capability included and enter the "active" state.

Upon receipt of the MODIFY COMPLETE message the network shall: initiate the alternation to those resources necessary to support the new bearer capability; stop timer T323; and enter the "active" state.

5.3.6.X.3 Failure of in-call modification

5.3.6.X.3.1 MS rejection of in-call modification

If the MS cannot support the requested bearer capability, the MS shall: release any resources which had been reserved for the modification; send a MODIFY REJECT message with the old bearer capability and cause # 58 "bearer capability not presently available", and enter the "active" state.

Upon receipt of the MODIFY REJECT message the network shall: stop timer T323, release any resources which had been reserved for the modification, enter the "active" state and perform activities defined in TS 29.007 [38].

5.3.6.X.3.2 Time-out recovery

Upon expiration of T323 in the network the procedures for call clearing shall be initiated with cause # 102 "recovery on timer expiry".

***** Next modified section *****

9.3.13 Modify

This message is sent by the mobile station to the network or by the network to the mobile station to request a change in bearer capability for a call.

See table 9.63/TS 24.008.

Message type: MODIFY

Significance: global

Direction: both

Table 9.63/TS 24.008: MODIFY message content

IEI	Information element	Type / Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	Call control protocol discriminator	Protocol discriminator 10.2	M	V	1/2
	Transaction identifier	Transaction identifier 10.3.2	M	V	1/2
	Modify message type	Message type 10.4	M	V	1
	Bearer capability	Bearer capability 10.5.4.5	M	LV	2-15
7C	Low layer comp.	Low layer comp. 10.5.4.18	O	TLV	2-18
7D	High layer comp.	High layer comp. 10.5.4.16	O	TLV	2-5
A3	Reverse call setup direction	Reverse call setup direction 10.5.4.22a	O	T	1
A4	Immediate modification indicator	Immediate modification indicator 10.5.4.X	O	T	1

9.3.13.1 Low layer compatibility

This information element shall be included if it was included in the initial SETUP message.

9.3.13.2 High layer compatibility

This information element shall be included if it was included in the initial SETUP message.

9.3.13.3 Reverse call setup direction

This information element is included or omitted in the mobile to network direction according to the rules defined in section 5.3.4.3.1.

9.3.13.X Immediate modification indicator

This information element shall be included if and only if immediate in-call modification is requested.

***** Next modified section *****

10.5.4.5 Bearer capability

The purpose of the bearer capability information element is to describe a bearer service. The use of the bearer capability information element in relation to compatibility checking is described in annex B.

The bearer capability information element is coded as shown in figure 10.5.88/TS 24.008 and tables 10.5.102/TS 24.008 to 10.5.115/TS 24.008.

The bearer capability is a type 4 information element with a minimum length of 3 octets and a maximum length of 16 octets.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
	Bearer capability IEI							octet 1
Length of the bearer capability contents								octet 2
0/1 ext	radio channel requirement		co-ding std	trans fer mode	information transfer capability			octet 3
0/1 ext	0 co-ding	0 spare	0	speech version indication				octet 3a etc*
1 ext	comp -ress.	structure		dupl. mode	confi gur.	NIRR	esta-bli.	octet 4*
0/1 ext	0 access id.	0	rate adaption		signalling access protocol			octet 5*
0/1 ext	Other ITC		Other rate adaption		0 Spare	0	0	octet 5a*
1 ext	Hdr/ noHdr	Multi frame	Mode	LLI	Assig nor/e	Inb. neg	0 Spare	octet 5b*
0/1 ext	0 layer 1 id.	1	User information layer 1 protocol				sync/ async	octet 6*
0/1 ext	numb. stop bits	nego-tia-tion	numb. data bits	user rate				octet 6a*
0/1 ext	intermed. rate		NIC on TX	NIC on RX	Parity			octet 6b*
0/1 ext	connection element		modem type					octet 6c*
0/1 ext	Other modem type		Fixed network user rate					octet 6d*
0/1 ext	Acceptable channel codings				Maximum number of traffic channels			octet 6e*
0/1 ext	UIMI		Wanted air interface user rate					octet 6f*
1 ext	Acceptable channel codings extended			Asymmetry Indication	0	0 Spare		octet 6g*
1 ext	1 layer 2 id.	0	User information layer 2 protocol					octet 7*

Figure 10.5.88/TS 24.008 Bearer capability information element

NOTEs: The coding of the octets of the bearer capability information element is not conforming to ITU Q.931.

An MS shall encode the Bearer Capability infomation element according to GSM call control requirements also if it is requesting for a UMTS service.

For UTRAN access following parameters are irrelevant, because multiple traffic channels (multislot) are not deployed [TS 23.034]. The multislot parameters shall, however, be stored in MSC, and forwarded at handover:

- Maximum number of traffic channels (octet 6e, bits 1-3)
- Acceptable Channel coding(s) (octet 6e, bits 4, 5 and 7)
- UIMI, User initiated modification indication (octet 6f, bits 5-7)
- Acceptable Channel Codings extended (octet 6g, bits 5-7)

A mobile station not supporting GSM shall set these parameters to the value "0".

Table 10.5.102/TS 24.008: Bearer capability information element

Radio channel requirement (octet 3), network to MS direction
In GSM, i.e. not applicable for UMTS data services.

Bits 6 and 7 are spare bits. The sending side (i.e. the network) shall set bit 7 to value 0 and bit 6 to value 1.

Radio channel requirement (octet 3) MS to network direction

When information transfer capability (octet 3) indicates other values than speech:

Bits **7 6**	
0 0	reserved
0 1	full rate support only MS
1 0	dual rate support MS/half rate preferred
1 1	dual rate support MS/full rate preferred

When information transfer capability (octet 3) indicates the value speech and no speech version indication is present in octet 3a etc.:

Bits **7 6**	
0 0	reserved
0 1	full rate support only MS/fullrate speech version 1 supported
1 0	dual rate support MS/half rate speech version 1 preferred, full rate speech version 1 also supported
1 1	dual rate support MS/full rate speech version 1 preferred, half rate speech version 1 also supported

When information transfer capability (octet 3) indicates the value speech and speech version indication(s) is(are) present in octet 3a etc.:

Bits **7 6**	
0 0	reserved
0 1	the mobile station supports at least full rate speech version 1 but does not support half rate speech version 1. The complete voice codec preference is specified in octet(s) 3a etc.
1 0	The mobile station supports at least full rate speech version 1 and half rate speech version 1. The mobile station has a greater preference for half rate speech version 1 than for full rate speech version 1. The complete voice codec preference is specified in octet(s) 3a etc.
1 1	The mobile station supports at least full rate speech version 1 and half rate speech version 1. The mobile station has a greater preference for full rate speech version 1 than for half rate speech version 1. The complete voice codec preference is specified in octet(s) 3a etc.

(continued...)

Table 10.5.102/TS 24.008: Bearer capability information element (continued)

Coding standard (octet 3)
Bit
5
0 GSM standardized coding as described below
1 reserved

Transfer mode (octet 3)
Bit
4
0 circuit mode
1 packet mode

Information transfer capability (octet 3)
Bits
3 2 1
0 0 0 speech
0 0 1 unrestricted digital information
0 1 0 3.1 kHz audio, ex PLMN
0 1 1 facsimile group 3
1 0 1 Other ITC (See Octet 5a)
1 1 1 reserved, to be used in the network.
The meaning is: alternate speech/facsimile group 3 - starting with speech.

All other values are reserved

Table 10.5.103/TS 24.008 Bearer capability information element

Octet(s) 3a etc. MS to network direction
Octet(s) 3a etc. shall only be used to convey speech coding information belonging to a GSM Radio Access. When included for a UMTS call establishment they shall be used for handover to a GSM Radio Acess.

Coding

Bit
7
0 octet used for extension of information transfer capability
1 octet used for other extension of octet 3

When information transfer capability (octet 3) indicates speech and coding (bit 7 in octet 3a etc.) is coded as 0, bits 1 through 6 are coded:

Bits 5 and 6 are spare.

Speech version indication (octet(s) 3a etc.)
Bits
4 3 2 1
0 0 0 0 GSM full rate speech version 1
0 0 1 0 GSM full rate speech version 2
0 1 0 0 GSM full rate speech version 3
0 0 0 1 GSM half rate speech version 1
0 1 0 1 GSM half rate speech version 3

All other values have the meaning "speech version tbd" and shall be ignored when received.

If octet 3 is extended with speech version indication(s) (octets 3a etc.), all speech versions supported shall be indicated and be included in order of preference (the first octet (3a) has the highest preference and so on).

If information transfer capability (octet 3) indicates speech and coding (bit 7 in octet 3a etc.) is coded as 1, or the information transfer capability does not indicate speech, then the extension octet shall be ignored.

Octet(s) 3a etc. network to MS direction

The octet(s) 3a etc. shall be ignored by the MS.

Table 10.5.104/TS 24.008: Bearer capability information element

Compression (octet 4), network to MS direction:
Bit
7
0 data compression not possible
1 data compression possible

Compression (octet 4), MS to network direction:
Bit
7
0 data compression not allowed
1 data compression allowed

Structure (octet 4)

Bits
6 5
0 0 service data unit integrity
1 1 unstructured

All other values are reserved.

Duplex mode (octet 4)
Bit
4
0 half duplex
1 full duplex

Configuration (octet 4)
Bit
3
0 point-to-point

All other values are reserved.

NIRR (octet 4)
(Negotiation of Intermediate Rate Requested)
In GSM, i.e. not applicable for UMTS data services.

Bit
2
0 No meaning is associated with this value.
1 Data up to and including 4.8 kb/s, full rate, non-transparent, 6 kb/s radio interface rate is requested.

Establishment (octet 4)
Bit
1
0 demand

All other values are reserved

Table 10.5.105/TS 24.008: Bearer capability information element

Access identity (octet 5)
Bits
7 6
0 0 octet identifier

All other values are reserved

Rate adaption (octet 5)
Bits
5 4
0 0 no rate adaption
0 1 V.110, I.460/X.30 rate adaptation
1 0 ITU-T X.31 flag stuffing
1 1 Other rate adaption (see octet 5a)

Signalling access protocol (octet 5)

Bits
3 2 1
0 0 1 I.440/450
0 1 0 X.21
0 1 1 reserved: was allocated in earlier phases of the protocol
1 0 0 reserved: was allocated in earlier phases of the protocol.
1 0 1 X.28 - non dedicated PAD
1 1 0 X.32

All other values are reserved.

Table 10.5.106/TS 24.008: Bearer capability information element

Other ITC (octet 5a)
If the value "Other ITC" is not signalled in the field "ITC" then the contents of this field shall be ignored.

Bit
7 6
0 0 restricted digital information

All other values are reserved

Other rate adaption (octet 5a)
If the value " Other rate adaption" is not signalled in the field "Rate adaption" then the contents of this field shall be ignored.
In UMTS, PIAFS shall be considered. In GSM, call shall be rejected if PIAFS requested.

Bit
5 4
0 0 V.120
0 1 H.223 & H.245
1 0 PIAFS

All other values are reserved.

Table 10.5.107/TS 24.008: Bearer capability information element

Rate adaption header/no header (octet 5b)

Bit
7
0 Rate adaption header not included
1 Rate adaption header included

Multiple frame establishment support in data link (octet 5b)

Bit
6
0 Multiple frame establishment not supported, only UI frames allowed
1 Multiple frame establishment supported

Mode of operation (octet 5b)

Bit
5
0 Bit transparent mode of operation
1 Protocol sensitive mode of operation

Logical link identifier negotiation (octet 5b)

Bit
4
0 Default, LLI=256 only
1 Full protocol negotiation, (note: A connection over which protocol negotiation will be executed is indicated in bit 2 of octet 5b)

Assignor/Assignee (octet 5b)

Bit
3
0 Message originator is "default assignee"
1 Message originator is "assignor only"

In band/Out of band negotiation (octet 5b)

Bit
2
0 Negotiation is done in-band using logical link zero
1 Negotiation is done with USER INFORMATION messages on a temporary signalling connection

Bit 1 is spare and set to the value "0"

Table 10.5.108/TS 24.008: Bearer capability information element

Layer 1 identity (octet 6)
Bits
7 6
0 1 octet identifier

All other values are reserved

User information layer 1 protocol (octet 6)
Bits
5 4 3 2
0 0 0 0 default layer 1 protocol

All other values reserved.

Synchronous/asynchronous (octet 6)
Bit
1
0 synchronous
1 asynchronous

Table 10.5.109/TS 24.008: Bearer capability information element

Number of Stop Bits (octet 6a)
Bit
7
0 1 bit (This value is also used in the case of synchronous mode)
1 2 bits

Negotiation (octet 6a)
Bit
6
0 in-band negotiation not possible

NOTE: See Rec. V.110 and X.30

All other values are reserved

Number of data bits excluding parity bit if present (octet 6a)
Bit
5
0 7 bits
1 8 bits (this value is also used in the case of bit oriented protocols)

User rate (octet 6a)
In GSM only.

Bits
4 3 2 1
0 0 0 1 0.3 kbit/s Recommendation X.1 and V.110
0 0 1 0 1.2 kbit/s Recommendation X.1 and V.110
0 0 1 1 2.4 kbit/s Recommendation X.1 and V.110
0 1 0 0 4.8 kbit/s Recommendation X.1 and V.110
0 1 0 1 9.6 kbit/s Recommendation X.1 and V.110
0 1 1 0 12.0 kbit/s transparent (non compliance with X.1 and V.110)
0 1 1 1 reserved: was allocated in earlier phases of the protocol.

All other values are reserved.

For facsimile group 3 calls the user rate indicates the first and maximum speed the mobile station is using.

Table 10.5.110/TS 24.008: Bearer capability information element

Octet 6b for V.110/X.30 rate adaptation Intermediate rate (octet 6b)
In GSM only.

Bits
7 6
0 0 reserved
0 1 reserved
1 0 8 kbit/s
1 1 16 kbit/s

Network independent clock (NIC) on transmission (Tx) (octet 6b) (See Rec. V.110 and X.30).
in GSM only.

Bit
5
0 does not require to send data with network independent clock
1 requires to send data with network independent clock

Network independent clock (NIC) on reception (Rx) (octet 6b) (See Rec. V.110 and X.30)
In GSM only.

Bit
4
0 cannot accept data with network independent clock (i.e. sender does not support this optional procedure)
1 can accept data with network independent clock (i.e. sender does support this optional procedure)

Parity information (octet 6b)
Bits
3 2 1
0 0 0 odd
0 1 0 even
0 1 1 none
1 0 0 forced to 0
1 0 1 forced to 1

All other values are reserved.

Table 10.5.111/TS 24.008: Bearer capability information element

Connection element (octet 6c)
Bit
7 6
0 0 transparent
0 1 non transparent (RLP)
1 0 both, transparent preferred
1 1 both, non transparent preferred

The requesting end (e.g. the one sending the SETUP message) should use the 4 values depending on its capabilities to support the different modes. The answering party shall only use the codings 00 or 01, based on its own capabilities and the proposed choice if any. If both MS and network support both transparent and non transparent, priority should be given to the MS preference.

Modem type (octet 6c)
Bits
5 4 3 2 1
0 0 0 0 0 none
0 0 0 0 1 V.21 (note 1)
0 0 0 1 0 V.22 (note 1)
0 0 0 1 1 V.22 bis (note 1)
0 0 1 0 0 reserved: was allocated in earlier phases of the protocol
0 0 1 0 1 V.26 ter (note 1)
0 0 1 1 0 V.32
0 0 1 1 1 modem for undefined interface
0 1 0 0 0 autobauding type 1

All other values are reserved.
Note 1: In GSM only.

Table 10.5.112/TS 24.008: Bearer capability information element

Other modem type (octet 6d)
Bits
7 6
0 0 no other modem type specified in this field
1 0 V.34

All other values are reserved.

Fixed network user rate (octet 6d)
Bit
5 4 3 2 1
0 0 0 0 0 Fixed network user rate not applicable/No meaning is associated with this value.
0 0 0 0 1 9.6 kbit/s Recommendation X.1 and V.110
0 0 0 1 0 14.4 kbit/s Recommendation X.1 and V.110
0 0 0 1 1 19.2 kbit/s Recommendation X.1 and V.110
0 0 1 0 0 28.8 kbit/s Recommendation X.1 and V.110
0 0 1 0 1 38.4 kbit/s Recommendation X.1 and V.110
0 0 1 1 0 48.0 kbit/s Recommendation X.1 and V.110(synch) (note 1)
0 0 1 1 1 56.0 kbit/s Recommendation X.1 and V.110(synch) /bit transparent
0 1 0 0 0 64.0 kbit/s bit transparent
0 1 0 0 1 33.6 kbit/s bit transparent (note 2)
0 1 0 1 0 32.0 kbit/s Recommendation I.460 (note 2)
0 1 0 1 1 31.2 kbit/s Recommendation V.34 (note 2)

The value 31.2 kbit/s Recommendation V.34 shall be used only by the network to inform the MS about FNUR modification due to negotiation between the modems in a 3.1 kHz multimedia call.

All other values are reserved.
Note 1: In GSM only.
Note 2: In UMTS only

Table 10.5.113/TS 24.008: Bearer capability information element

Acceptable channel codings (octet 6e), mobile station to network direction:

Bit
7
0 TCH/F14.4 not acceptable
1 TCH/F14.4 acceptable

Bit
6
0 Spare

Bit
5
0 TCH/F9.6 not acceptable
1 TCH/F9.6 acceptable

Bit
4
0 TCH/F4.8 not acceptable
1 TCH/F4.8 acceptable

Acceptable channel codings (octet 6e), network to MS direction:
Bits 4 to 7 are spare and shall be set to "0".

Maximum number of traffic channels (octet 6e), MS to network direction:

Bits
3 2 1
0 0 0 1 TCH
0 0 1 2 TCH
0 1 0 3 TCH
0 1 1 4 TCH
1 0 0 5 TCH
1 0 1 6 TCH
1 1 0 7 TCH
1 1 1 8 TCH

Maximum number of traffic channels (octet 6e), network to MS direction:
Bits 1 to 3 are spare and shall be set to "0".

Table 10.5.114/TS 24.008: Bearer capability information element

UIMI, User initiated modification indication (octet 6f),

7 6 5
0 0 0 User initiated modification not allowed/required/applicable
0 0 1 User initiated modification up to 1 TCH/F allowed/may be requested
0 1 0 User initiated modification up to 2 TCH/F allowed/may be requested
0 1 1 User initiated modification up to 3 TCH/F allowed/may be requested
1 0 0 User initiated modification up to 4 TCH/F allowed/may be requested

All other values shall be interpreted as "User initiated modification up to 4 TCH/F may be requested".

User initiated modification indication is not applicable for transparent connection.

Wanted air interface user rate (octet 6f), MS to network direction:
Bits
4 3 2 1
0 0 0 0 Air interface user rate not applicable/No meaning associated with this value
0 0 0 1 9.6 kbit/s
0 0 1 0 14.4 kbit/s
0 0 1 1 19.2 kbit/s
0 1 0 1 28.8 kbit/s
0 1 1 0 38.4 kbit/s
0 1 1 1 43.2 kbit/s
1 0 0 0 57.6 kbit/s
1 0 0 1 interpreted by the network as 38.4 kbit/s in this version of the protocol
1 0 1 0 interpreted by the network as 38.4 kbit/s in this version of the protocol
1 0 1 1 interpreted by the network as 38.4 kbit/s in this version of the protocol
1 1 0 0 interpreted by the network as 38.4 kbit/s in this version of the protocol

All other values are reserved.

Wanted air interface user rate (octet 6f), network to MS direction:
Bits 1 to 4 are spare and shall be set to "0".

Table 10.5.115/TS 24.008: Bearer capability information element

Layer 2 identity (octet 7)
Bits
7 6
1 0 octet identifier

All other values are reserved

User information layer 2 protocol (octet 7)

Bits
5 4 3 2 1
0 0 1 1 0 recommendation X.25, link level
0 1 0 0 0 ISO 6429, codeset 0 (DC1/DC3)
0 1 0 0 1 reserved: was allocated but never used in earlier phases of the protocol
0 1 0 1 0 videotex profile 1
0 1 1 0 0 COPnoFlCt (Character oriented Protocol with no Flow Control mechanism)
0 1 1 0 1 X.75 layer 2 modified (CAPI)

All other values are reserved.

Table 10.5.115a/TS 24.008: Bearer capability information element

Acceptable Channel Codings extended (octet 6g) mobile station to network direction:

Bit
7
0 TCH/F28.8 not acceptable
1 TCH/F28.8 acceptable

Bit
6
0 TCH/F32.0 not acceptable
1 TCH/F32.0 acceptable

Bit
5
0 TCH/F43.2 not acceptable
1 TCH/F43.2 acceptable
Channel Coding Asymmetry Indication

Bits
4 3
0 0 Channel coding symmetry preferred
1 0 Downlink biased channel coding asymmetry is preferred
0 1 Uplink biased channel coding asymmetry is preferred
1 1 Unused, if received it shall be interpreted as "Channel coding symmetry preferred"

EDGE Channel Codings (octet 6g), network to MS direction:

Bits 3 to 7 are spare and shall be set to "0".

Bits 2 and 1 are spare.

***** Next modified section *****

10.5.4.X Immediate modification indicator

This information element is used to indicate an immediate in-call modification without changing the channel configuration.

The *Immediate modification indicator* information element is coded as shown in figure 10.5.xxx/TS 24.008.

The *Immediate modification indicator* is a type 2 information element

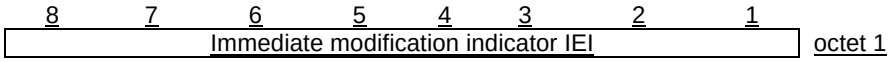

Figure 10.5.xxx/TS 24.008 *Immediate modification indicator* information element