Plenary Meeting #8, Dusseldorf, Germany 21<sup>st</sup> – 23<sup>rd</sup> June 2000.

Source: TSG\_N WG4

Title: Corrective CRs to 3G Work Item "Technical Enhancement and Improvements"

Agenda item: 6.6.4

**Document for:** APPROVAL

#### **Introduction:**

This document contains "x" Corrective CRs on Work Item "Technical Enhancement and Improvements", that have been agreed by TSG\_N WG4, and are forwarded to TSG\_N Plenary meeting #8 for approval.

TDoc	SPEC	CR	REV	PHAS	VERS	SUBJECT	CAT	NEW_VERS
N4-000402	03.03	A046		R96	5.3.0	Hexa IMEI	Α	5.4.0
N4-000404	03.03	A048		R97	6.5.0	Hexa IMEI	А	6.6.0
N4-000405	03.03	A049		R98	7.4.0	Hexa IMEI	А	7.5.0
N4-000389	03.03	A050		R97	6.5.0	Use of 3 Digit MNCs in GTP for Release 97	F	6.6.0
N4-000212	09.02	A288		Ph2	4.18.0	Correction of version handling at dialogue establishment	F	4.19.0
N4-000213	09.02	A289		R96	5.14.1	Correction of version handling at dialogue establishment	Α	5.15.0
N4-000214	09.02	A290		R97	6.7.0	Correction of version handling at dialogue establishment	А	6.8.0
N4-000215	09.02	A291		R98	7.4.0	Correction of version handling at dialogue establishment	Α	7.5.0
N4-000218	09.02	A292		R97	6.7.0	Correction of errors in SDL for Macro Receive_Open_Ind	F	6.8.0
N4-000219	09.02	A293		R98	7.4.0	Correction of errors in SDL for Macro Receive_Open_Ind	Α	7.5.0
N4-000370	09.02	A300		Ph2	4.18.0	Correction to the description of MAP-Forward-Short-Message	F	4.19.0
N4-000371	09.02	A301		R96	5.14.1	Correction to the description of MAP-MO-Forward-Short-	А	5.15.0
N4-000372	09.02	A302		R97	6.7.0	Correction to the description of MAP-MO-Forward-Short-	А	6.8.0
N4-000373	09.02	A303		R98	7.4.0	Correction to the description of MAP-MO-Forward-Short-	Α	7.5.0
N4-000095	09.60	A084	1	R98	7.4.0	Encoding of spare IMSI Digits	F	7.5.0
N4-000263	09.60	A085		R97	6.7.0	Use of 3 Digit MNCs in GTP for R'97	F	6.8.0
N4-000406	23.003	020	3	R99	3.4.1	Hexa IMEI	Α	3.5.0
N4-000390	23.081	002		R99	3.0.1	Enhanced handling of presentation indicators for CLIP	F	3.1.0
N4-000400	24.081	001		R99	3.0.0	Cause of no CLI indication	F	3.1.0
N4-000211	29.002	132		R99	3.4.0	Correction of version handling at dialogue establishment	А	3.5.0
N4-000357	29.002	133	1	R99	3.4.0	Various corrections and/or cleanup to 29.002	F	3.5.0
N4-000217	29.002	134		R99	3.4.0	Correction of errors in SDL for Macro Receive_Open_Ind	Α	3.5.0
N4-000374	29.002	149		R99	3.4.0	Correction to the description of MAP-MO-Forward-Short-	А	3.5.0
N4-000096	29.060	086	1	R99	3.4.0	Encoding of spare IMSI Digits	А	3.5.0
N4-000034	29.060	088		R99	3.4.0	Possible cause codes for Relocation Cancel Response	F	3.5.0

# 3GPP TSG-CN WG4

#### **Document** N4-000402

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the case of emergency call without SIM-card, the IMEI is used as calling party number. The calling party number is used in ISUP and according to ISUP specifications (Q.762, Q.763, and Q.764), "F" is not allowed in calling party number.

The change is proposed in 3GPP TSG-CN,TSG-S, TSG-T and TSG-R to allow 11.4 million mobile terminals to be produced with one Type Approval Code. The current restriction for one million units per TAC is already a problem in the GSM terminal manufacturing and can only be predicted to worsen in the future.

Change to use hexadecimal coding is most simple since it does not affect to existing message lengths in GSM air interface and network interfaces.

The proposal is to have certain deadline, after which all networks support hexadecimal coded IMEI. This should take care of the compability issues between hexadecimal and decimal coded IMEI. The feasibility of the whole hexadecimal IMEI scheme will be decided in coming TSG-CN and TSG-SA plenaries.

6.2.1, 6.2.2 Clauses affected:

Other specs affected:	Other 3G core specifications Other GSM core specifications MS test specifications BSS test specifications O&M specifications	X	→ List of CRs:	04.08, 02.16
Other comments:				
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### 6.2.1 Composition of IMEI

The International Mobile station Equipment Identity (IMEI) is composed as shown in figure 10.

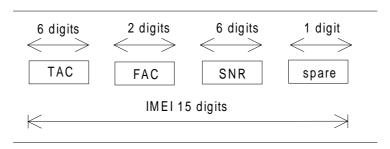


Figure 10: Structure of IMEI

The IMEI is composed of the following elements (each element shall consist of <u>hexa</u>decimal digits <u>excluding the digit</u> 'F' due to ISUP restrictions i.e. values (0-E) are allowed only):

- Type Approval Code (TAC). Its length is 6 digits;
- Final Assembly Code (FAC) identifies the place of manufacture/final assembly. Its length is 2 digits;
- Serial Number (SNR) is an individual serial number uniquely identifying each equipment within each TAC and FAC. Its length is 6 digits.
- Spare digit: this digit shall be zero, when transmitted by the MS.

The security requirements of the IMEI are defined in TS GSM 02.16.

### 6.2.2 Composition of IMEISV

The International Mobile station Equipment Identity and Software Version Number (IMEISV) is composed as shown in figure 11.

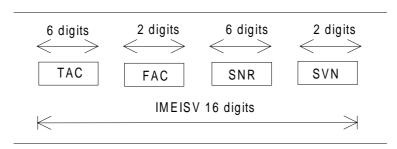


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- Software Version Number (SVN) identifies the software version number of the mobile equipment. Its length is 2 digits.

Regarding updates of the IMEISV: the TAC, FAC and SNR shall be protected against change after the ME's final production process, i.e. only the SVN part of the IMEISV can be modified (see GSM 02.16).

### 6.3 Allocation principles

The Type Approval Code (TAC) is issued by a central body.

The place of final assembly (FAC) is encoded by the manufacturer.

Manufacturers shall allocate individual serial numbers (SNR) in a sequential order.

For a given ME, the combination of TAC, FAC and SNR used in the IMEI shall duplicate the combination of TAC, FAC and SNR used in the IMEISV.

The Software Version Number is allocated by the manufacturer after authorization by the type approval authority. SVN value 99 is reserved for future use.

The IMEI digit values have restrictions which are modified at cut-off date. Before the CUT-OFF DATE (TBD) only bcd coded values (0-9) are allowed. After CUT-OFF DATE (TBD) IMEI digits may have hexadecimal values excluding the digit 'F' i.e. values (0-E) are allowed.

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The change is proposed in 3GPP TSG-CN,TSG-S, TSG-T and TSG-R to allow 11.4 million mobile terminals to be produced with one Type Approval Code. The current restriction for one million units per TAC is already a problem in the GSM terminal manufacturing and can only be predicted to worsen in the future.

Change to use hexadecimal coding is most simple since it does not affect to existing message lengths in GSM air interface and network interfaces.

The proposal is to have certain deadline, after which all networks support hexadecimal coded IMEI. This should take care of the compability issues between hexadecimal and decimal coded IMEI. The feasibility of the whole hexadecimal IMEI scheme will be decided in coming TSG-CN and TSG-SA plenaries.

Clauses affected: 6.2.1, 6.2.2

Other specs	Other 3G core specifications		→ List of CRs:	
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	BSS test specifications		→ List of CRs:	
	O&M specifications		→ List of CRs:	
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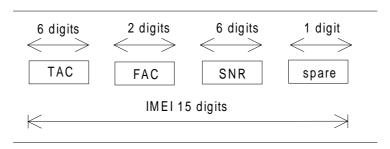


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- Spare digit: this digit shall be zero, when transmitted by the MS.

The security requirements of the IMEI are defined in TS GSM 02.16.

### 6.2.2 Composition of IMEISV

The International Mobile station Equipment Identity and Software Version Number (IMEISV) is composed as shown in figure 11.

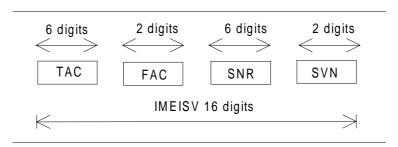


Figure 11: Structure of IMEISV

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Regarding updates of the IMEISV: the TAC, FAC and SNR shall be protected against change after the ME's final production process, i.e. only the SVN part of the IMEISV can be modified (see GSM 02.16).

### 6.3 Allocation principles

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The Software Version Number is allocated by the manufacturer after authorization by the type approval authority. SVN value 99 is reserved for future use.

The IMEI digit values have restrictions which are modified at cut-off date. Before the CUT-OFF DATE (TBD) only bcd coded values (0-9) are allowed. After CUT-OFF DATE (TBD) IMEI digits may have hexadecimal values excluding the digit 'F' i.e. values (0-E) are allowed.

# **3GPP TSG-CN WG4**

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Change to use hexadecimal coding is most simple since it does not affect to existing message lengths in GSM air interface and network interfaces.

The proposal is to have certain deadline, after which all networks support hexadecimal coded IMEI. This should take care of the compability issues between hexadecimal and decimal coded IMEI. The feasibility of the whole hexadecimal IMEI scheme will be decided in coming TSG-CN and TSG-SA plenaries.

Clauses affected: 6.2.1, 6.2.2

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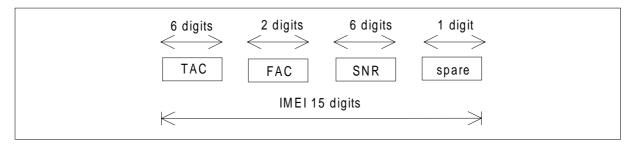


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- Spare digit: this digit shall be zero, when transmitted by the MS.

The security requirements of the IMEI are defined in TS GSM 02.16.

### 6.2.2 Composition of IMEISV

The International Mobile station Equipment Identity and Software Version Number (IMEISV) is composed as shown in figure 11.

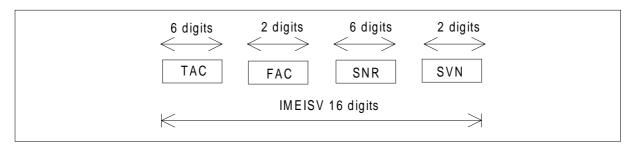


Figure 11: Structure of IMEISV

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- Software Version Number (SVN) identifies the software version number of the mobile equipment. Its length is of 2 digits.

Regarding updates of the IMEISV: the TAC, FAC and SNR shall be protected against change after the ME's final production process; i.e. only the SVN part of the IMEISV can be modified (see TS GSM 02.16).

### 6.3 Allocation principles

A central body issues the Type Approval Code (TAC).

The manufacturer encodes the place of final assembly (FAC).

Manufacturers shall allocate individual serial numbers (SNR) in a sequential order.

For a given ME, the combination of TAC, FAC and SNR used in the IMEI shall duplicate the combination of TAC, FAC and SNR used in the IMEISV.

The manufacturer allocates the Software Version Number after authorisation by the type approval authority. SVN value 99 is reserved for future use.

The IMEI digit values have restrictions which are modified at cut-off date. Before the CUT-OFF DATE (TBD) only bcd coded values (0-9) are allowed. After CUT-OFF DATE (TBD) IMEI digits may have hexadecimal values excluding the digit 'F' i.e. values (0-E) are allowed.

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### 2.2 Composition of IMSI

IMSI is composed as shown in figure 1.

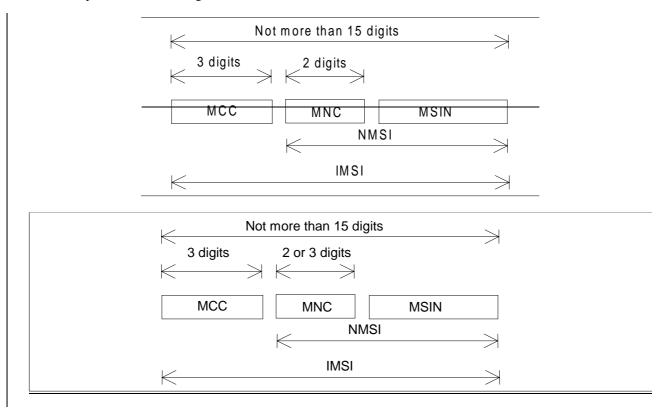


Figure 1: Structure of IMSI

IMSI is composed of three parts:

- i) Mobile Country Code (MCC) consisting of three digits. The MCC identifies uniquely the country of domicile of the mobile subscriber;
- ii) Mobile Network Code (MNC) consisting of two <u>or three</u> digits for GSM applications. The MNC identifies the home GSM PLMN of the mobile subscriber;
- iii) Mobile Subscriber Identification Number (MSIN) identifying the mobile subscriber within a GSM PLMN.

The National Mobile Subscriber Identity (NMSI) consists of the Mobile Network Code and the Mobile Subscriber Identification Number.

NOTE: Three digit MNC is for use with GPRS only.

### 3GPP TSG CN WG4 Meeting #2 Rotenburg, Germany, 22-26 May 2000

## Document N4-000212

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Source:	N4 <u>Date:</u> 2000-05-10
Subject:	Correction of version handling at dialogue establishment
Work item:	TEI
Category:  (only one category shall be marked with an X)	F Correction A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release B Addition of feature C Functional modification of feature D Editorial modification  X Release: Rele
Reason for change:	Category: C1  Subclause 15.2.4.1 currently indicates that a MAP-CLOSE Confirm primitive is sent in response to the MAP-OPEN request when the dialogue is refused. A MAP-CLOSE, however, is not sent when the dialogue is to be refused, a MAP-OPEN Confirm is sent with the result set to "Dialogue_refused" (refer to Macro Receive_Open_Ind).
Clauses affect	ed: 15.2.4.1
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### 15.2.4 Version handling at dialogue establishment

Unless explicitly indicated in subsequent subclauses, the following principles regarding version handling procedures at dialogue establishment are applied by the MAP-user:

#### 15.2.4.1 Behaviour at the initiating side

When a MAP user signalling procedure has to be executed, the MAP-user issues a MAP-OPEN request primitive with an appropriate application-context-name. If several names are supported (i.e. several versions) a suitable one is selected using the procedures described in clause 3.

If a MAP-CLOSE OPEN Confirm primitive to a MAP-OPEN request with a result parameter set to "refused" and a diagnostic parameter indicating "application-context-not-supported" or "potential incompatibility problem", the MAP-User issues a new MAP-OPEN request primitive with the equivalent version one context. This is informally represented in the SDL diagrams by a task symbol indicating "Perform V1 procedure".

### 3GPP TSG CN WG4 Meeting #2 Rotenburg, Germany, 22-26 May 2000

## Document N4-000213

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#### 15.2.4.1 Behaviour at the initiating side

When a MAP user signalling procedure has to be executed, the MAP-user issues a MAP-OPEN request primitive with an appropriate application-context-name. If several names are supported (i.e. several versions) a suitable one is selected using the procedures described in clause 3.

If version 2 is selected and a MAP-<u>CLOSE OPEN</u> Confirm primitive in response to the MAP-OPEN request is received with a result parameter set to "refused" and a diagnostic parameter indicating "application-context-not-supported" or "potential incompatibility problem", the MAP-User issues a new MAP-OPEN request primitive with the equivalent version one context. This is informally represented in the SDL diagrams by a task symbol indicating "Perform Vr procedure".

If version 3 is selected and a MAP-<u>CLOSE OPEN</u> Confirm primitive in response to the MAP-OPEN request is received with a result parameter set to "refused" and a diagnostic parameter indicating "application-context-not-supported" or "potential incompatibility problem", the MAP-User issues a new MAP-OPEN request primitive with the equivalent version one or version two context. This is informally represented in the SDL diagrams by task symbols indicating "Perform Vr procedure"-.

### 3GPP TSG CN WG4 Meeting #2 Rotenburg, Germany, 22-26 May 2000

### Document N4-000214

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

	CHANGE REQUEST  Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.
	<b>09.02 CR A290</b> Current Version: 6.7.0
GSM (AA.BB) or 3	3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑
For submission	meeting # here ↑ for information non-strategic use only)
Proposed char (at least one should be	
Source:	N4 <u>Date:</u> 2000-04-10
Subject:	Correction of version handling at dialogue establishment
Work item:	TEI
(only one category shall be marked	F Correction A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release B Addition of feature C Functional modification of feature D Editorial modification  Release 96 Release 97 X Release 98 Release 99 Release 00
Reason for change:	Category: C1  Subclause 18.2.4.1 currently indicates that a MAP-CLOSE Confirm primitive is sent in response to the MAP-OPEN request when the dialogue is refused. A MAP-CLOSE, however, is not sent when the dialogue is to be refused, a MAP-OPEN Confirm is sent with the result set to "Dialogue_refused" (refer to Macro Receive_Open_Ind).
Clauses affect	<u>ed:</u> 18.2.4
Other specs affected:	
Other comments:	
	< double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

### 18.2.4 Version handling at dialogue establishment

Unless explicitly indicated in subsequent subclauses, the following principles regarding version handling procedures at dialogue establishment are applied by the MAP-user:

#### 18.2.4.1 Behaviour at the initiating side

When a MAP user signalling procedure has to be executed, the MAP-user issues a MAP-OPEN request primitive with an appropriate application-context-name. If several names are supported (i.e. several versions) a suitable one is selected using the procedures described in clause 5.

If version 2 is selected and a MAP-<u>CLOSE OPEN</u> Confirm primitive in response to the MAP-OPEN request is received with a result parameter set to "refused" and a diagnostic parameter indicating "application-context-not-supported" or "potential incompatibility problem", the MAP-User issues a new MAP-OPEN request primitive with the equivalent version one context. This is informally represented in the SDL diagrams by a task symbol indicating "Perform Vr procedure".

If version 3 is selected and a MAP-<u>CLOSE OPEN</u> Confirm primitive in response to the MAP-OPEN request is received with a result parameter set to "refused" and a diagnostic parameter indicating "application-context-not-supported" or "potential incompatibility problem", the MAP-User issues a new MAP-OPEN request primitive with the equivalent version one or version two context. This is informally represented in the SDL diagrams by task symbols indicating "Perform Vr procedure"-.

### 3GPP TSG CN WG4 Meeting #2 Rotenburg, Germany, 22-26 May 2000

### Document **N4-000215**

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

	CHANGE REQUEST  Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.
	<b>09.02 CR A291</b> Current Version: 7.4.0
GSM (AA.BB) or 3	3G (AA.BBB) specification number↑ ↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team
For submission	(1.61.61.16
Proposed char (at least one should be	nge affects: (U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network X
Source:	N4 <u>Date:</u> 2000-04-10
Subject:	Correction of version handling at dialogue establishment
Work item:	TEI
(only one category	F Correction A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release B Addition of feature C Functional modification of feature D Editorial modification  Release 96 Release 97 Release 98 Release 99 Release 00
Reason for change:	Category: C1  Subclause 18.2.4.1 currently indicates that a MAP-CLOSE Confirm primitive is sent in response to the MAP-OPEN request when the dialogue is refused. A MAP-CLOSE, however, is not sent when the dialogue is to be refused, a MAP-OPEN Confirm is sent with the result set to "Dialogue_refused" (refer to Macro Receive_Open_Ind).  In addition, this CR adds text to support version 4 ACs to the dialogue establishment.
Clauses affect	<u>ed:</u> 18.2.4
Other specs affected:	
Other comments:	
help.doc	

<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

### 18.2.4 Version handling at dialogue establishment

Unless explicitly indicated in subsequent subclauses, the following principles regarding version handling procedures at dialogue establishment are applied by the MAP-user:

#### 18.2.4.1 Behaviour at the initiating side

When a MAP user signalling procedure has to be executed, the MAP-user issues a MAP-OPEN request primitive with an appropriate application-context-name. If several names are supported (i.e. several versions) a suitable one is selected using the procedures described in clause 5.

If version 2 is selected and a MAP-<u>CLOSE OPEN</u> Confirm primitive in response to the MAP-OPEN request is received with a result parameter set to "refused" and a diagnostic parameter indicating "application-context-not-supported" or "potential incompatibility problem", the MAP-User issues a new MAP-OPEN request primitive with the equivalent version one context. This is informally represented in the SDL diagrams by a task symbol indicating "Perform Vr procedure".

If version 3 is selected and a MAP-<u>CLOSE OPEN</u> Confirm primitive in response to the MAP-OPEN request is received with a result parameter set to "refused" and a diagnostic parameter indicating "application-context-not-supported" or "potential incompatibility problem", the MAP-User issues a new MAP-OPEN request primitive with the equivalent version one or version two context. This is informally represented in the SDL diagrams by task symbols indicating "Perform Vr procedure".

If version 4 is selected and a MAP-OPEN Confirm primitive in response to the MAP-OPEN request is received with a result parameter set to "refused" and a diagnostic parameter indicating "application-context-not-supported" or "potential incompatibility problem", the MAP-User issues a new MAP-OPEN request primitive with the equivalent version one, version two or version three context. This is informally represented in the SDL diagrams by task symbols indicating "Perform Vr procedure".

#### 18.2.4.2 Behaviour at the responding side

On receipt of a MAP-OPEN indication primitive, the MAP-User analyses the application-context-name.

If it refers to a version one context, the associated V1 procedure is executed; if it refers to a version two context, the associated V2 procedure is executed,—; if it refers to a version three context, the associated V3 procedure is executed, otherwise the associated V3-V4 procedure is executed.

### 3GPP TSG CN SWG4 Meeting #2 Rotenburg, Germany, 22-26 May 2000

### Document **N4-000218**

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

Current Version: 6.7	0						
09.02 CR A292 Current Version: 6.7							
GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑							
For submission to: CN#08 for approval X strategic non-strategic X  Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information.	(for SMG use only)						
Proposed change affects: (at least one should be marked with an X)  The latest version of this form is available from its avail							
<u>Source:</u> N4 <u>Date:</u> 2000-0	5-08						
Subject: Correction of errors in Figure 25.1/1: Macro Receive_Open_Ind							
Work item: TEI							
Category:       F       Correction       X       Release:       Phase 2         (only one category shall be marked with an X)       B       Addition of feature       Release       Release         with an X)       D       Editorial modification       Release	96 97 X 98 99 99						
	The SDL in Figure 25.1/1 contains an error that would cause serious problems if not corrected. The text describing the macro is correct, but the SDL is supposed to take precedence over the						
Clauses affected: 25.1.2							
Other comments:							
help.doc < double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.							

#### 25.1.1 Macro Receive Open Ind

This macro is used by a MAP service-user procedure when a peer entity requests opening of a dialogue.

If the application context received in the MAP-OPEN indication primitive indicates a context name of the MAP version one context set, the macro takes the Vr exit..

If an application-context different from version 1 is received, the presence of MAP\_OPEN information is checked. If no MAP\_OPEN information has been received, the MAP\_OPEN response with:

- Result set to Dialogue Accepted; and
- Application Context Name set to the received value,

#### is returned

If the received version (Vr) is the one described in this version of MAP, the macro takes the OK exit, otherwise it takes the Vr exit..

If MAP\_OPEN information is received, the macro "CHECK\_REFERENCE" is called in order to check whether the received values for Destination Reference and Originating Reference correspond with the requirements of the received application-context-name. The outcome of this check is an error, the MAP\_OPEN response with:

- Result set to Dialogue Refused;
- Refuse Reason set to Invalid Destination Reference or Invalid Originating Reference;
- Application Context Name set to the highest version supported,

is returned and the macro takes the error exit.

If the data values received for Destination Reference and Originating Reference are accepted for the associated application-context-name it is checked whether the Destination Reference is known if this check is required by the process that calls the macro.

If the Destination Reference (e.g. a subscribers IMSI) is unknown, the MAP\_OPEN response with

- Result set to Dialogue Refused;
- Refuse Reason set to Invalid Destination Reference;
- Application Context Name set to the highest version supported,

is returned and the macro takes the error exit.

Else, if the Destination Reference is accepted or if no check is required, the MAP\_OPEN response with

- Result set to Dialogue Accepted; and
- Application Context Name set to the received value,

is returned and

If the received version (Vr) is the one described in this version of MAP, the macro takes the OK exit, otherwise it takes the Vr exit.

### 25.1.2 Macro Receive\_Open\_Cnf

This macro is used by a user procedure after it requested opening of a dialogue towards a peer entity.

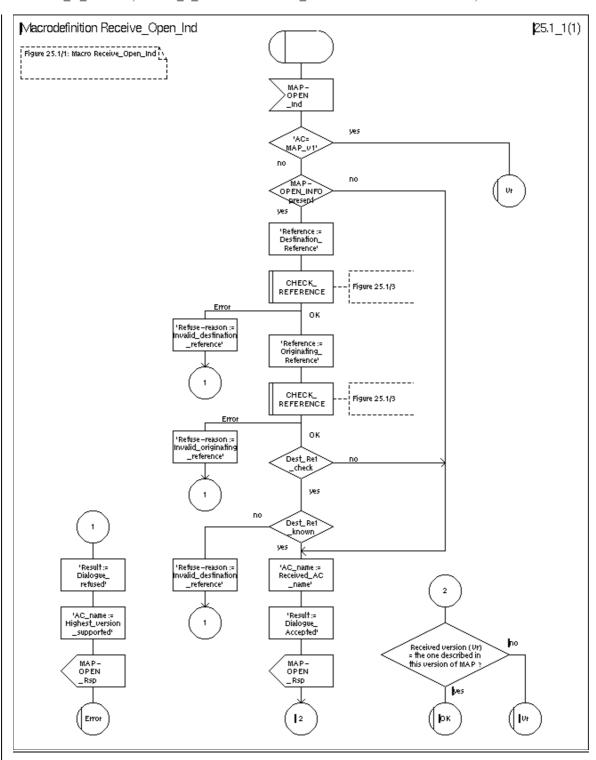
On receipt of a MAP\_OPEN Confirmation with a "Result" parameter indicating "Dialogue Accepted", the macro takes the OK exit.

If the "Result" parameter indicates "Dialogue Refused", the "Refuse-reason" parameter is examined. If the "Refuse-reason" parameter indicates "Potential Version Incompatibility", the macro terminates in a way that causes restart of the dialogue by using the version 1 protocol.

If the "Refuse-reason" parameter indicates "Application Context Not Supported" and if the received Application Context Name indicates "Version Vr" (Vr < Vn), the macro terminates in a way that causes restart of the dialogue by using the version Vr protocol. Otherwise, the macro takes the Error exit.

If the "Refuse-reason" parameter indicates neither "Potential Version Incompatibility" nor "Application Context Not Supported", the macro takes the Error exit.

If a MAP\_U\_ABORT, a MAP\_P\_ABORT or a MAP\_NOTICE Indication is received, the macro takes the Error exit.



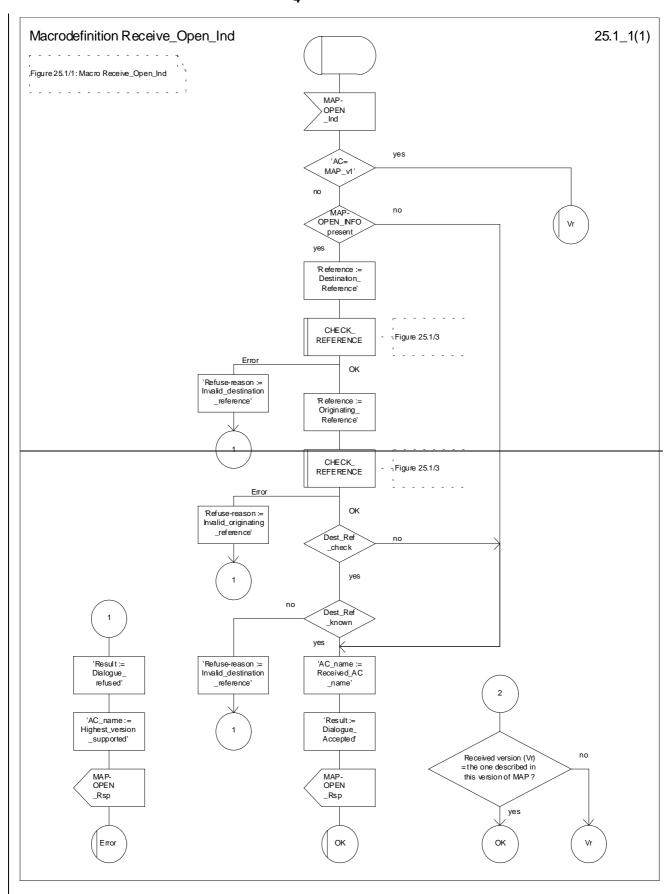


Figure 25.1/1: Macro Receive\_Open\_Ind

### 3GPP TSG CN SWG4 Meeting #2 Rotenburg, Germany, 22-26 May 2000

### Document N4-000219

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

		CHANGE F	REQU	Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.				
		09.02	CR	A293	Current Versi	ion: 7.4.0		
GSM (AA.BB) or 3	G (AA.BBB) specifica	ation number↑		↑ CR nun	nber as allocated by MCC	support team		
list expected approval	For submission to: CN#08 for approval X strategic (for SMG list expected approval meeting # here ↑ for information for information						nly)	
Proposed chan (at least one should be	ge affects:	rsion 2 for 3GPP and SMG (U)SIM	ME _		s available from: ftp://ftp.3gpp.0	Core Network		
Source:	N4				Date:	2000-05-08		
Subject:	Correction	of errors in Figure	25.1/1: N	<mark>lacro Recei</mark>	ve_Open_Ind			
Work item:	TEI							
(only one category shall be marked	B Addition of	modification of fea		ier release	X Release:	Phase 2 Release 96 Release 97 Release 98 Release 99 Release 00	X	
Reason for change:	Category: C1  The SDL in Figure 25.1/1 contains an error that would cause serious problems if not corrected. The text describing the macro is correct, but the SDL is supposed to take precedence over the text.							
Clauses affecte	<u>25.1.2</u>							
Other specs affected:		cifications	$\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$	List of CR:	s: s: s:			
Other comments:								
help.doc	a doub	ula eliek hara far b	aln and in	petruetione c	on how to create a	CP		

double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

#### 25.1.1 Macro Receive Open Ind

This macro is used by a MAP service-user procedure when a peer entity requests opening of a dialogue.

If the application context received in the MAP-OPEN indication primitive indicates a context name of the MAP version one context set, the macro takes the Vr exit..

If an application-context different from version 1 is received, the presence of MAP\_OPEN information is checked. If no MAP\_OPEN information has been received, the MAP\_OPEN response with:

- Result set to Dialogue Accepted; and
- Application Context Name set to the received value,

#### is returned

If the received version (Vr) is the one described in this version of MAP, the macro takes the OK exit, otherwise it takes the Vr exit..

If MAP\_OPEN information is received, the macro "CHECK\_REFERENCE" is called in order to check whether the received values for Destination Reference and Originating Reference correspond with the requirements of the received application-context-name. The outcome of this check is an error, the MAP\_OPEN response with:

- Result set to Dialogue Refused;
- Refuse Reason set to Invalid Destination Reference or Invalid Originating Reference;
- Application Context Name set to the highest version supported,

is returned and the macro takes the error exit.

If the data values received for Destination Reference and Originating Reference are accepted for the associated application-context-name it is checked whether the Destination Reference is known if this check is required by the process that calls the macro.

If the Destination Reference (e.g. a subscribers IMSI) is unknown, the MAP\_OPEN response with

- Result set to Dialogue Refused;
- Refuse Reason set to Invalid Destination Reference;
- Application Context Name set to the highest version supported,

is returned and the macro takes the error exit.

Else, if the Destination Reference is accepted or if no check is required, the MAP\_OPEN response with

- Result set to Dialogue Accepted; and
- Application Context Name set to the received value,

is returned and

If the received version (Vr) is the one described in this version of MAP, the macro takes the OK exit, otherwise it takes the Vr exit.

### 25.1.2 Macro Receive\_Open\_Cnf

This macro is used by a user procedure after it requested opening of a dialogue towards a peer entity.

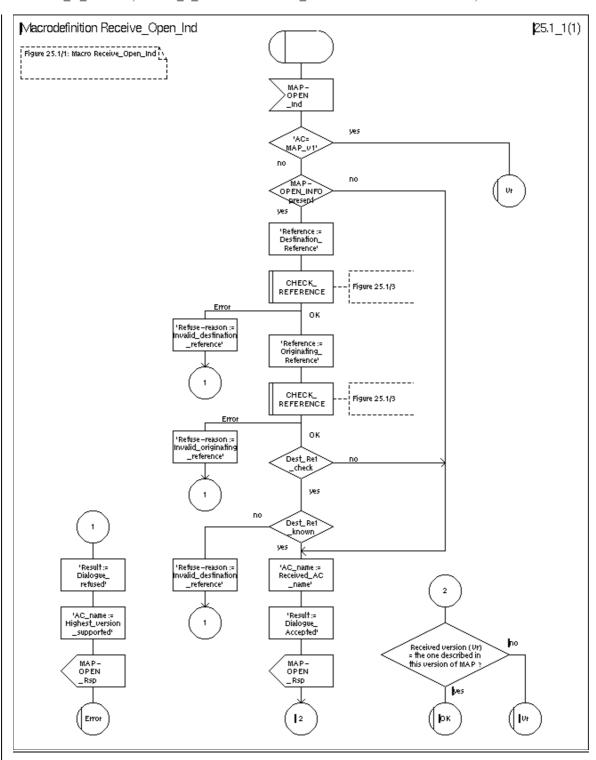
On receipt of a MAP\_OPEN Confirmation with a "Result" parameter indicating "Dialogue Accepted", the macro takes the OK exit.

If the "Result" parameter indicates "Dialogue Refused", the "Refuse-reason" parameter is examined. If the "Refuse-reason" parameter indicates "Potential Version Incompatibility", the macro terminates in a way that causes restart of the dialogue by using the version 1 protocol.

If the "Refuse-reason" parameter indicates "Application Context Not Supported" and if the received Application Context Name indicates "Version Vr" (Vr < Vn), the macro terminates in a way that causes restart of the dialogue by using the version Vr protocol. Otherwise, the macro takes the Error exit.

If the "Refuse-reason" parameter indicates neither "Potential Version Incompatibility" nor "Application Context Not Supported", the macro takes the Error exit.

If a MAP\_U\_ABORT, a MAP\_P\_ABORT or a MAP\_NOTICE Indication is received, the macro takes the Error exit.



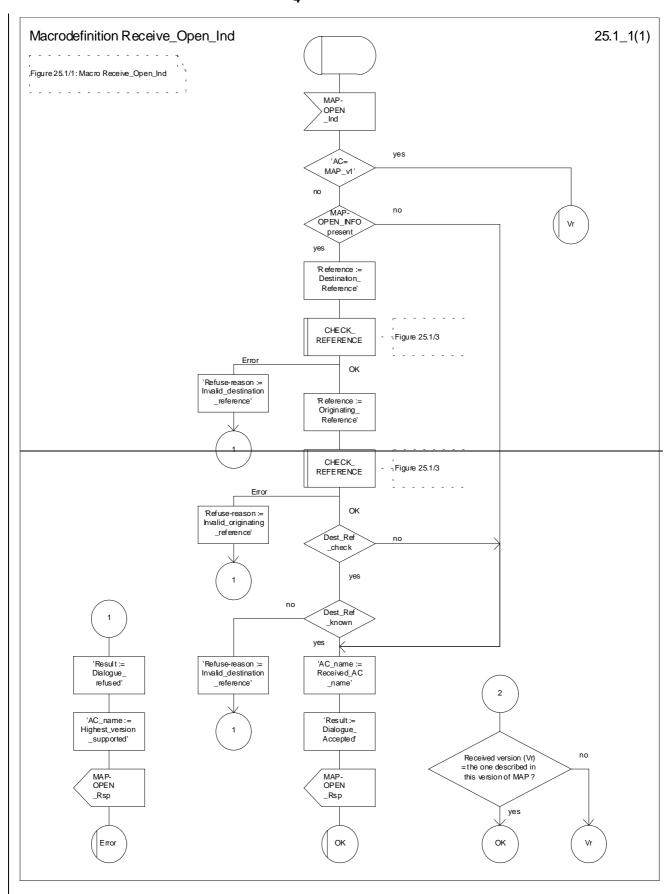


Figure 25.1/1: Macro Receive\_Open\_Ind

### 3GPP TSG CN WG 4 #2 Rotenburg a.d Fulda, Germany, 22-26 May 2000

## Document **N4-000370**

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

		CHANGE	REQU	JEST		ee embedded help fi nstructions on how		
		09.02	CR	A300	(	Current Version	on: 4.18.0	
GSM (AA.BB) or 30	G (AA.BBB) specifica	tion number↑		↑ CR n	umber as a	allocated by MCC s	support team	
For submission		for a for info	pproval rmation	X		strate non-strate		or SMG se only)
Form: CR cover shee	et, version 2 for 3GPP a	nd SMG The latest versi	ion of this form	is available from:	ftp://ftp.	.3gpp.org/Info	ormation/CF	R-Form- v2.doc
Proposed chan (at least one should be		(U)SIM	ME [	UT	RAN / I	Radio	Core Netw	ork X
Source:	N4					Date:	25.05.200	00
Subject:	Correction t	o the description	of MAP-F	orward-Sh	ort-Mes	ssage service	)	
Work item:	TEI							
(only one category shall be marked (	Addition of C Functional I	modification of fea	ature			Release:	Phase 2 Release 9 Release 9 Release 9 Release 0	7 8 9 0
Reason for change:	used between the However, the	description of the en the GMSC and is service is actual to messages.	the serv	ving MSC fo	or both	MO and MT	short messa	ages.
Clauses affecte	ed: 10.2.1							
Other specs affected:		cifications	-	→ List of Cl	Rs: Rs: Rs:			
Other comments:								
help.doc								

<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

### 10.2 MAP-FORWARD-SHORT-MESSAGE service

#### 10.2.1 Definition

This service is used between the gateway MSC and the <u>servicing serving MSC</u> to forward <u>mobile originated or mobile</u> terminated short messages <u>and between the serving MSC and the SMS Interworking MSC to forward mobile originated short messages</u>.

The MAP-FORWARD-SHORT-MESSAGE service is a confirmed service using the service primitives given in table 10.2/1.

### 3GPP TSG CN WG 4 #2 Rotenburg a.d Fulda, Germany, 22-26 May 2000

## Document N4-000371

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

		CHANGE I	REQU	JEST PA	ease see embedded help ge for instructions on how		
		09.02	CR	A301	Current Vers	ion: 5.14.1	
GSM (AA.BB) or 3G	G (AA.BBB) specific	ation number ↑		↑ CR num	nber as allocated by MCC	support team	
For submission list expected approval n Form: CR cover sheet		for infor	L	is available from: ftp	strate non-strate o://ftp.3gpp.org/Inf	egic X use or or ormation/CR-Fe	nly)
Proposed chang		(U)SIM	ME [	UTR	AN / Radio	Core Network	X
Source:	N4				Date:	25.05.2000	
Subject:	Correction t	o the description	of MAP-I	MO-Forward-	Short-Message se	ervice	
Work item:	TEI						
Category:  (only one category shall be marked with an X)	Correspond Addition of Functional	modification of fea		lier release	X Release:	Phase 2 Release 96 Release 97 Release 98 Release 99 Release 00	X
Reason for change:	it is used be		g MSC ai	nd the gatewa	short-Message ser ay MSC. However MS IWMSC.		
Clauses affecte	<u>d:</u> 10.2.1						
Other specs affected:		cifications	-	<ul> <li>→ List of CRs</li> </ul>	s: s: s:		
Other comments:	Phase 2. How				me as those in CF ed as "mirror CR" :		
help.doc							

<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

### 10.2 MAP-MO-FORWARD-SHORT-MESSAGE service

### 10.2.1 Definition

This service is used between the serving MSC and the gateway SMS Interworking MSC to forward mobile originated short messages.

The MAP-MO-FORWARD-SHORT-MESSAGE service is a confirmed service using the service primitives given in table 10.2/1.

### 3GPP TSG CN WG 4 #2 Rotenburg a.d Fulda, Germany, 22-26 May 2000

## **Document N4-000372**

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

		CHANGE I	REQI	JEST		see embedded help fi r instructions on how		
		09.02	CR	A302		Current Version	on: 6.7.0	
GSM (AA.BB) or 3G	(AA.BBB) specifica	ation number↑		↑ CR	number a	s allocated by MCC s	support team	
For submission list expected approval m Form: CR cover sheet	neeting # here↑	for infor		X is available from	n:	strate non-strate p.3gpp.org/Info	gic X use ormation/CR-I	SMG only) 
Proposed chang		(U)SIM	ME	U	TRAN	/ Radio	Core Networ	
Source:	N4					Date:	25.05.2000	
Subject:	Correction t	o the description	of MAP-	MO-Forwa	ard-Sho	rt-Message se	rvice	
Work item:	TEI							
Category:  (only one category shall be marked with an X)	Correspond Addition of Functional Editorial mo	modification of fea odification		rlier releas	se X	Release:	Phase 2 Release 96 Release 97 Release 98 Release 99 Release 00	X
Reason for change:	Mirror CR to	09.02-301						
Clauses affected	d: 12.2.1							
affected:		cifications	-	<ul> <li>→ List of 0</li> </ul>	CRs: CRs: CRs:			
Other comments:								
help.doc	< doub	ole-click here for h	nelp and	instruction	ns on ho	ow to create a	CR.	

# 12.2 MAP-MO-FORWARD-SHORT-MESSAGE service

### 12.2.1 Definition

This service is used between the serving MSC or the SGSN and the gateway SMS Interworking MSC to forward mobile originated short messages.

The MAP-MO-FORWARD-SHORT-MESSAGE service is a confirmed service using the service primitives given in table 12.2/1.

### 3GPP TSG CN WG 4 #2 Rotenburg a.d Fulda, Germany, 22-26 May 2000

# Document **N4-000373**

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

	Correction to the description of MAP-MO-Forward-Short-Message service    Nork item:   TEI						
		09.02	CR	A303	Current Vers	on: 7.4.0	
GSM (AA.BB) or 3	G (AA.BBB) specifica	tion number↑		↑ CR num	nber as allocated by MCC	support team	
				X		•	
Form: CR cover she	et, version 2 for 3GPP a	nd SMG The latest version	on of this form	is available from: ftp	o://ftp.3gpp.org/Inf		
		(U)SIM	ME	UTR	AN / Radio	Core Network	X
Source:	N4				Date:	25.05.2000	
Subject:	Correction t	o the description	of MAP-N	<mark>//O-Forward-</mark>	Short-Message se	ervice	
Work item:	TEI						
(only one category shall be marked	A Correspond B Addition of C Functional	feature modification of fea		lier release		Release 96 Release 97 Release 98 Release 99	X
Reason for change:	Mirror CR to	09.02-A301					
Clauses affecte	ed: 12.2.1						
Other specs affected:	Other GSM common MS test special BSS tes	ore specifications fications cifications		<ul><li>List of CRs</li><li>List of CRs</li><li>List of CRs</li></ul>	s: s: s:		
Other comments:							
help.doc						-	

<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

# 12.2 MAP-MO-FORWARD-SHORT-MESSAGE service

### 12.2.1 Definition

This service is used between the serving MSC or the SGSN and the gateway SMS Interworking MSC to forward mobile originated short messages.

The MAP-MO-FORWARD-SHORT-MESSAGE service is a confirmed service using the service primitives given in table 12.2/1.

### 3GPP TSG-CN WG4 Charleston, USA, 27-31 Macrh 2000

**Document N4-00095**e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP99xxx
or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

		CHANGE	REQI	JEST		instructions on ho	p file at the bottom on to fill in this form	of this
		09.60	CR	A084r	1	Curre Versio	-	
GSM (AA.BB) or 3G	G (AA.BBB) specific	ation number↑		↑ CR r	number as	s allocated by MC0	C support team	
For submission list expected approval n	neeting # here ↑	for info		X rsion of this form is	: available	strate( non-strate(	,	nly)
Proposed chang	_	(U)SIM	ME	דט	ΓRAN /	/ Radio	Core Network	
Source:	N4					Date:	28 March 20	000
Subject:	Encoding o	f spare IMSI Digit	S					
Work item:	TEI							
Category: F	Correction				X	Releas e:	Phase 2	
(only one category shall be marked with an X)	Addition of Functional	modification of fea		rlier release			Release 96 Release 97 Release 98 Release 99 Release 00	X
Reason for change:	Category C	1:						
<u>cnange.</u>	MNCs but in	uest 29.060-058r n the process rem g is provided in T	oved th	e encoding	of unu	ised IMSI dig	its. Furtherm	ore,
Clauses affected	<u>6, 7.9.2</u>	2						
Other specs affected:		cifications	-	$\rightarrow$ List of C $\rightarrow$ List of C $\rightarrow$ List of C $\rightarrow$ List of C $\rightarrow$ List of C	Rs: Rs: Rs:			
Other comments:								

### 6 GTP header

The GTP header shall be a fixed format 20-octet header used for all GTP messages.

- Version bits: If the PT bit is '1' (indicating a GTP message), the Version shall be set to 0 to indicate this, the first version of GTP. For the treatment of other versions, see section 10.1.1, "Different GTP versions".
- PT (Protocol Type) bit indicates whether the message is a GTP message (when PT is '1') or a GTP' message (when PT is '0'). GTP is described in this document and the GTP' protocol in GSM 12.15. Note that the interpretation of the header fields may be different in GTP' than in GTP.
- Spare '1': These unused bits shall be set to '1' by the sending side and shall not be evaluated by the receiving side.
- SNN is a flag indicating if SNDCP N-PDU Number is included or not.
- Message Type indicates the type of GTP message.
- Length indicates the length in octets of the GTP message (G-PDU), excluding the GTP header. Bit 8 of octet 3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of octet 4 is the least significant bit of the length field.
- Sequence Number is a transaction identity for signalling messages and an increasing sequence number for tunnelled T-PDUs.
- SNDCP N-PDU Number is used at the Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update procedure to co-ordinate the data transmission between the MS and SGSN.
- TID is the tunnel identifier that points out MM and PDP contexts (see Figure 3: Tunnel ID (TID) format).
- The flow label identifies unambiguously a GTP flow.

All fields in the GTP header shall always be present but the content of the fields differs depending on if the header is used for signalling messages (see the sub-section Usage of the GTP Header in the section Signalling Plane) or T-PDUs (see the sub-section Usage of the GTP Header in the section Transmission Plane).

				Bi	ts			
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1	,	Versio	n	PT	Spa	are ' 1 <i>'</i>	11'	SNN
2			ľ	Messag	је Тур	е		
3-4				Len	gth			
5-6			Se	quence	Num	ber		
7-8				Flow	Label			
9		S	SNDCF	N-PD	ULLC	Numbe	er	
10			Spar	e ' 1 1	111	111'		
11			Spar	e ' 1 1	111	111'		
12			Spar	e'11	111	111'		
13-20				Ti	D			
						•	•	

1) LLC frame number (continued)

Figure 2: Outline of GTP header

			Bits				
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
	IMSI	digit 2			IMSI di	git 1	
	IMSI	digit 4			IMSI di	git 3	
	IMSI	digit 6			IMSI di	git 5	
	IMSI	digit 8			IMSI di	git 7	
	IMSI	digit 10			IMSI di	git 9	
	IMSI	digit 12			IMSI dig	git 11	
	IMSI (	digit 14			IMSI dig	git 13	
	NS	API			IMSI dig	git 15	

Octets

The IMSI is defined in GSM 03.03 (and includes MCC, MNC and MSIN). <u>IMSI digits that are not used shall be coded as binary '1 1 1 1'.</u>

NOTE 1: For Anonymous Access, the MSIN part of the IMSI shall be replaced by a number assigned by the particular PLMN. The assigned number shall not collide with any MSIN used in the PLMN and shall be unique within the PLMN.

Figure 3: Tunnel ID (TID) format

# 7.9.2 International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)

The IMSI shall be the subscriber identity of the MS. The IMSI is defined in GSM 03.03.

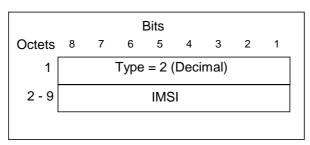


Figure 9: IMSI information element

The encoding of the IMSI information element is defined in GSM 04.08. <u>IMSI digits that are not used shall be coded as binary '1 1 1 1'.</u>

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Subject:	Use of 3 Digit MI	NCs in GTP	for R'97					
Work item:	TEI							
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Reason for change:	Category C1:  For harmonisation the IMSI and the isn't introduced F	RAI informa	ition eler	nents has l	been add	ed to R'98		
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affected:	Other 3G core spe Other GSM core s MS test specificati BSS test specifica O&M specification	pecifications ons tions	-	$\rightarrow$ List of C $\rightarrow$ List of C $\rightarrow$ List of C $\rightarrow$ List of C	CRs: CRs: CRs:			
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## 6 GTP header

The GTP header shall be a fixed format 20-octet header used for all GTP messages.

- Version shall be set to 0 to indicate this, the first version of GTP. For the treatment of other versions, see section 10.1.1, "Different GTP versions".
- Spare '1': These unused bits shall be set to '1' by the sending side and shall not be evaluated by the receiving side.
- SNN is a flag indicating if SNDCP N-PDU Number is included or not.
- Message Type indicates the type of GTP message.
- Length indicates the length in octets of the GTP message (G-PDU), excluding the GTP header. Bit 8 of octet 3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of octet 4 is the least significant bit of the length field.
- Sequence Number is a transaction identity for signalling messages and an increasing sequence number for tunnelled T-PDUs.
- SNDCP N-PDU Number is used at the Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update procedure to co-ordinate the data transmission between the MS and SGSN.
- TID is the tunnel identifier that points out MM and PDP contexts (see Figure 3: Tunnel ID (TID) format).
- The flow label identifies unambiguously a GTP flow.

All fields in the GTP header shall always be present but the content of the fields differs depending on if the header is used for signalling messages (see the sub-section Usage of the GTP Header in the section Signalling Plane) or T-PDUs (see the sub-section Usage of the GTP Header in the section Transmission Plane).

				В	its					
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1		Version	1		Spare '	1 1 1 1	•	SNN		
2		Message Type								
3-4				Le	ngth					
5-6			Se	equenc	e Numb	er				
7-8				Flow	Label					
9			SND	CP N-I	PDU Nu	ımber				
10			Spai	e'11	1111	11'				
11			Spai	re ' 1 1	1 1 1 1	11'				
12			Spai	re ' 1 1	1 1 1 1	11'				
13-20				Т	ID					

Figure 2: Outline of GTP header

			E	3its						
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1	N	/ICC di	git 2			MCC	digit 1			
2	N	/INC di	git 1			MCC	digit 3			
3	N	1SIN d	igit 1			MNC	digit 2			
4	M	1SIN d	igit 3			MSIN	digit 2	)		
5	N	1SIN d	igit 5		MSIN digit 4					
6	N	1SIN d	igit 7			MSIN	digit 6	5		
7	N	1SIN d	igit 9			MSIN	digit 8	3		
8		NSA	PI			MSIN	digit 10	0		

				טונס				
<u>Octets</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>
		IMSI	digit 2			IMSI di	git 1	
		<u>IMSI</u>	digit 4			IMSI di	git 3	
		IMSI	digit 6			IMSI di	git <u>5</u>	
		<u>IMSI</u>	digit 8			IMSI di	git 7	
		<u>IMSI</u>	digit 10			IMSI di	git <u>9</u>	
		<u>IMSI</u>	digit 12			IMSI dig	<u>it 11</u>	
		<u>IMSI</u>	digit 14			IMSI dig	it 13	
		NS	SAPI			IMSI dig	it 15	

The IMSI is defined in GSM 03.03 (and includes MCC, MNC and MSIN). IMSI digits that are not used shall be coded as '1111' or F(HEX).

NOTE 1: The MCC, MNC and MSIN are parts of the IMSI defined in GSM 03.03. For Anonymous Access, the MSIN part of the IMSI shall be replaced by a number assigned by the particular PLMN. The assigned number shall not collide with any MSIN used in the PLMN and shall be unique within the PLMN.

NOTE 2: MSIN digits not used shall be set to F (HEX).

Figure 3: Tunnel ID (TID) format

### 7.9.2 International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)

The IMSI shall be the subscriber identity of the MS. The IMSI is defined in GSM 03.03.

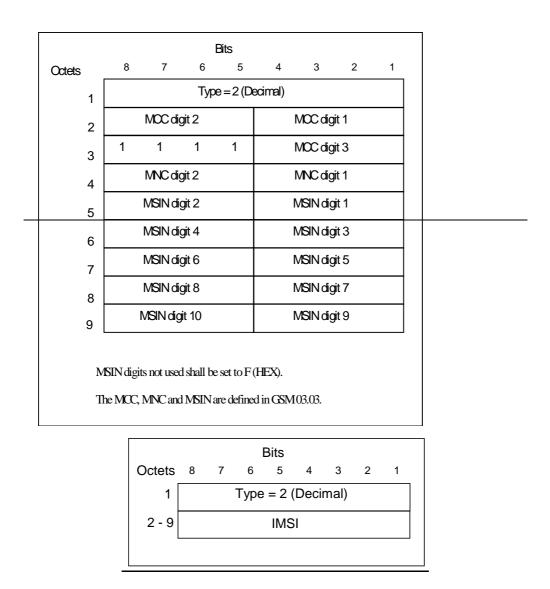


Figure 9: IMSI information element

The encoding of the IMSI information element is defined in GSM 04.08. IMSI digits that are not used shall be coded as '1 1 1 1' or F(HEX).

# 7.9.3 Routeing Area Identity (RAI)

The RAI information element is given by:

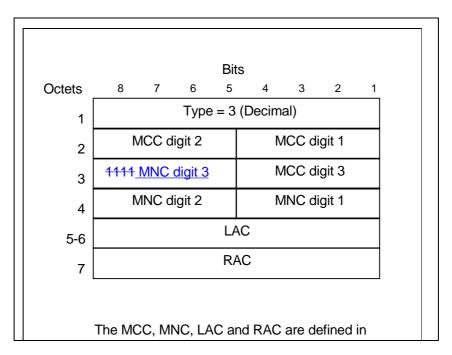


Figure 10: RAI information element

If an administration decides to include only two digits in the MNC, then bits 5 to 8 of octet 3 are coded as "1111".

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### 6.2.1 Composition of IMEI

The composition of the IMEI shall be such that each individual mobile station equipment can be separately identified.

<u>Information</u> is contained in the IMEI by which the PLMN, after requesting it, can immediately decide whether or not to accept calls made by means of this equipment.

Secondly, the IMEI shall directly or indirectly contain all information which is necessary for the network operator to make relations through its administrative system to trace the equipment to its origin of production.

The IMEI (14 digits) is complemented by a check digit. The check digit is not part of the digits transmitted at IMEI check occasions, as described below. The Check Digit shall avoid manual transmission errors, e.g. when customers register stolen MEs at the operators customer care desk. The Check Digit is defined according to modified Luhn formula, as defined in annex A.

NOTE: The Check Digit is not applied to the Software Version Number.

The International Mobile station Equipment Identity (IMEI) is composed as shown in figure 10.

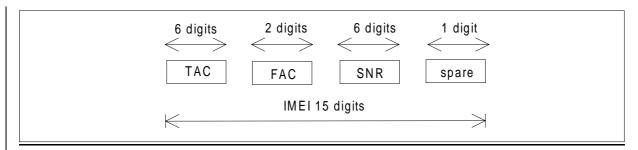


Figure 10: Structure of IMEI

The IMEI is composed of the following elements (each element shall consist of <u>hexa</u>decimal digits <u>excluding the digit</u> 'F' due to ISUP restrictions i.e. values (0-E) are allowed only):

- Type Approval Code (TAC). Its length is 6 digits;
- Final Assembly Code (FAC) identifies the place of manufacture/final assembly. Its length is 2 digits;
- Serial Number (SNR) is an individual serial number uniquely identifying each equipment within each TAC and FAC. Its length is 6 digits;
- Spare digit: this digit shall be zero, when transmitted by the MS.

The security requirements of the IMEI are defined in 3G TS 22.016.

### 6.2.2 Composition of IMEISV

The International Mobile station Equipment Identity and Software Version Number (IMEISV) is composed as shown in figure 11.

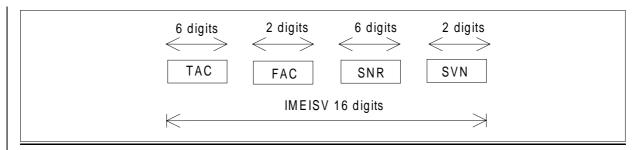


Figure 11: Structure of IMEISV

The IMEISV is composed of the following elements (each element shall consist of <u>hexa</u>decimal digits <u>excluding the</u> <u>digit</u> 'F' due to ISUP restrictions i.e. values (0-E) are allowed only):

- Type Approval Code (TAC). Its length is 6 digits;
- Final Assembly Code (FAC) identifies the place of manufacture/final assembly. Its length is 2 digits;
- Serial Number (SNR) is an individual serial number uniquely identifying each equipment within each TAC and FAC. Its length is 6 digits.
- Software Version Number (SVN) identifies the software version number of the mobile equipment. Its length is 2 digits.

Regarding updates of the IMEISV: the TAC, FAC and SNR shall be protected against change after the ME's final production process; i.e. only the SVN part of the IMEISV can be modified (see 3G TS 22.016).

# 6.3 Allocation principles

The Type Approval Code (TAC) is issued by a central body.

The place of final assembly (FAC) is encoded by the manufacturer.

Manufacturers shall allocate individual serial numbers (SNR) in a sequential order.

For a given ME, the combination of TAC, FAC and SNR used in the IMEI shall duplicate the combination of TAC, FAC and SNR used in the IMEISV.

The Software Version Number is allocated by the manufacturer after authorization by the type approval authority. SVN value 99 is reserved for future use.

The IMEI digit values have restrictions which are modified at cut-off date. Before the CUT-OFF DATE (TBD) only bcd coded values (0-9) are allowed. After CUT-OFF DATE (TBD) IMEI digits may have hexadecimal values excluding the digit 'F' i.e. values (0-E) are allowed.

# Annex A (normative): IMEI Check Digit computation

# A.1 Representation of IMEI

The International Mobile station Equipment Identity and Software Version Number (IMEISV), is a 16 digit hexadecimal number composed of four distinct elements:

- a 6 digit Type Approval Code (TAC);
- a 2 digit Final Assembly Code (FAC);
- a 6 digit Serial Number (SNR); and
- a 2 digit Software Version Number (SVN).

The IMEISV is formed by concatenating these four elements as illustrated below:

TAC	FAC	SNR	SVN

Figure A.1: Composition of the IMEISV

The IMEI is complemented by a check digit as defined in section 3. The Luhn Check Digit (CD) is computed on the 14 most significant decimal converted hexadecimal digits of the IMEISV, that is on the value obtained by ignoring the SVN digits. Note that this slightly modified Luhn check is compatible with the previously employed algorithm, since if none of the digits is >9, the algorithm is reduced to the ISO/IEC 7812.

The method for computing the Luhn check is defined in Annex B of the International Standard "Identification cards - Numbering system and registration procedure for issuer identifiers" (ISO/IEC 7812) [3].

In order to specify precisely how the CD is computed for the IMEI, it is necessary to label the individual digits of the IMEISV, excluding the SVN. This is done as follows:

The (14 most significant) digits of the IMEISV are labelled D14 D13 ... D1, where:

_	TAC = D14 D13 D9	(with D9 the least significant digit of TAC);
_	FAC = D8 D7	(with D7 the least significant digit of FAC); and
_	SNR = D6 D5 D1	(with D1 the least significant digit of SNR).

Note: Even though all digits D1... D14 are changed to use hexadecimal coding, this has no effect to the previously assigned values of all fields when the fields were using BCD coding. The same code values can still be used for the previously assigned codes. The hexadecimal coding allows more codes to be used for all fields. Especially this applies to the SNR field, which has number space of  $2^24 = 16,777,216$  units – with BCD coding the number space is 1,000,000 units.

# A.2 Computation of CD for an IMEI

Computation of CD from the IMEI proceeds as follows:

Step 1: Double the values of the odd labelled digits D1, D3, D5 ... D13 of the IMEI. Convert the result to decimal numbers.

- Step 2: Add together the individual decimal digits of all the seven numbers obtained in Step 1, and then add this sum to the sum of all the even labelled hexadecimal to decimal converted digits D2, D4, D6 ... D14 of the IMEI.
- Step 3: If the number obtained in Step 2 ends in 0, then set CD to be 0. If the number obtained in Step 2 does not end in 0, then set CD to be that number subtracted from the next higher decimal number which does end in 0.

# A.3 Example of computation

IMEI (14 most significant digits):

		<u>T/</u>	<u>AC</u>			FA	<u>C</u>			<u>S</u>	<u>NR</u>		
D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	<u>D9</u>	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1
2	6	0	5	3	1	7	9	3	1	D	3	Е	3

### **Step 1:**

2	6	0	5	3	1	7	7	9		3	8	13	3	14	3	
	x2		x2		<u>x2</u>			<u>x2</u>	_		X2		x2		<u>x2</u>	
	12		10		2			18			16		6		6	

### **Step 2:**

$$2+1+2+0+1+0+3+2+7+1+8+3+1+6+1+3+6+1+4+6=58$$

### **Step 3:**

$$CD = 60 - 58 = 2$$

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### Document

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Source:	N4 <u>Date:</u> 06.06.00							
Subject:	Enhanced handling of presentation indicators for CLIP							
Work item:	TEI							
Category:  A (only one category shall be marked with an X)  F A C D	Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release  Addition of feature  Functional modification of feature  Release 96  Release 97  Release 98							
Reason for change:	The problem of interactions of the CLIP service with procedures for ACR have been identified in several committees. Currently there is only one value of the presentation indicator "presentation restricted" which does not give a qualifier whether the Line Identification is restricted on subscribers A request or due to other reasons (e.g. operator specific reasons).  In ISUP v4 this problem is solved by utilising the reserved value of the presentation indicator ("11") as "presentation restricted by network".  Furthermore the TTC solution of the "Cause of No ID" parameter is introduced.							
Clauses affected	d: 0.1, 0.2.1.2, 0.2.2, 1.2, 1.3, 2.2, 2.3, 3.3, 4.3, AnnexA							
affected:	Other 3G core specifications Other GSM core specifications  MS test specifications  BSS test specifications  O&M specifications  → List of CRs:							
Other comments:								

### \*\*\* First Modification \*\*\*

### 0.1 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.
- A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.
- [1] GSM 01.04: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Abbreviations and acronyms".3G TS 23.011GSM 03.11: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Technical realization of supplementary services General Aspects".
- [2] 3G TS 23.018: "Basic Call Handling; Technical realization".
- [3] 3G TR 21.905: "Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".

### \*\*\* Next Modification \*\*\*

### 0.2.1.2 Definition of presentation and screening indicators

In addition to, or instead of, the line identity or additional line identity, the network may send a presentation indicator (PI) together with a Cause of no CLI (CoNC) and/or a screening indicator (SI) or additional screening indicator (aSI) to the MS as follows:

- Presentation Indicator:
  - a) Presentation allowed;
  - b) Presentation restricted;
  - c) Number not available.
- If the Presentation Indicator indicates "presentation restricted" the Cause of no CLI may give a diagnostic:
  - a) Unavailable;

- b) Rejected by user;
- c) Interaction with other services;
- d) Coin line/ Pay phone.
- Screening indicator/additional Screening indicator:
  - a) User provided, verified and passed;
  - b) User provided, not screened;
  - c) network provided.

The screening indicator or additional screening indicator applies to the ISDN/MSISDN or the number given as additional line identity respectively.

### 0.2.2 Abbreviations

Abbreviations used in the present document are listed in GSM 01.04 3G TR 21.905.

### \*\*\* Next Modification \*\*\*

### 1.2 Functions and information flows

The following Mobile Additional Functions have been identified for the PLMN:

### MAF001

Determination of the calling line identification presentation subscription

The ability of a PLMN component to determine whether the supplementary service is provisioned for the mobile subscriber. See figure 1.2.

Location: VLR.

### MAF002

Determination of the calling party number for offering to the called party

The ability of a PLMN component to determine and to forward the calling line identity and related indications to the called party. See figure 1.3.

Location: destination MSC.

The information flow is shown in figure  $1.\underline{9}4$ .

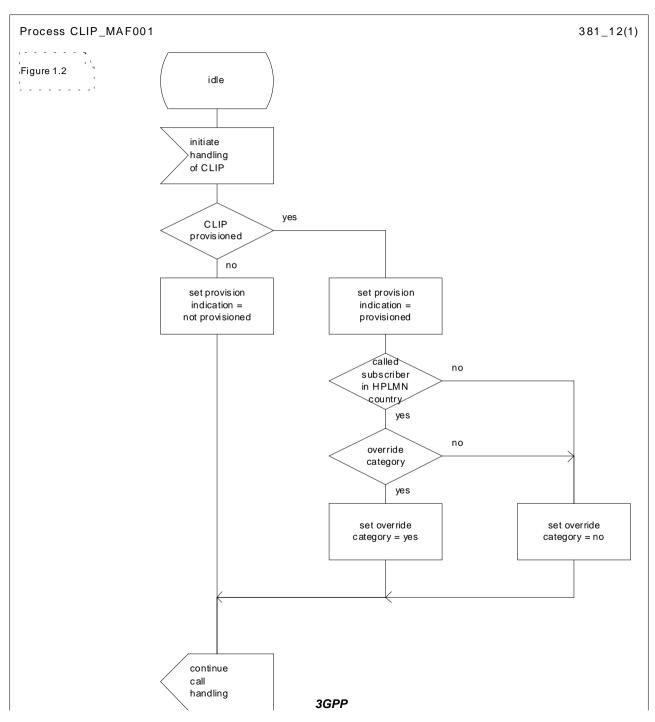
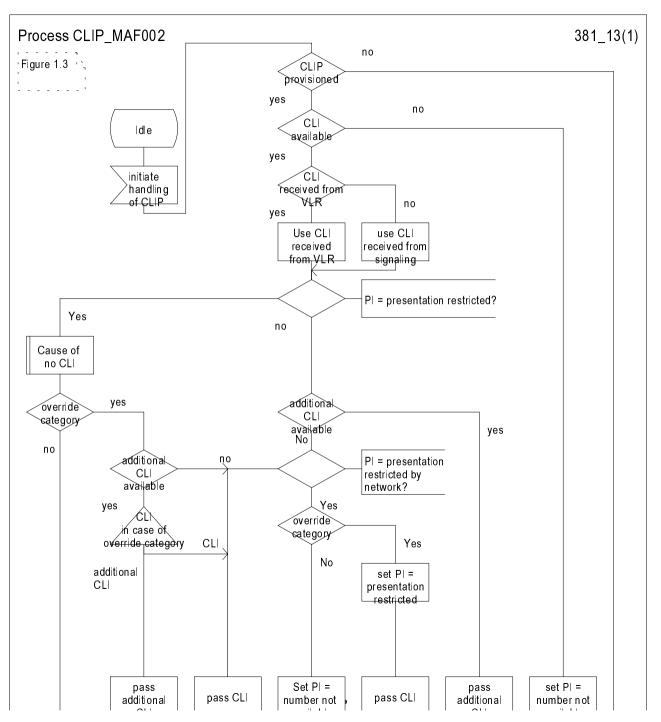


Figure 1.2: MAF001 Determination of calling line identification presentation subscription (VLR)



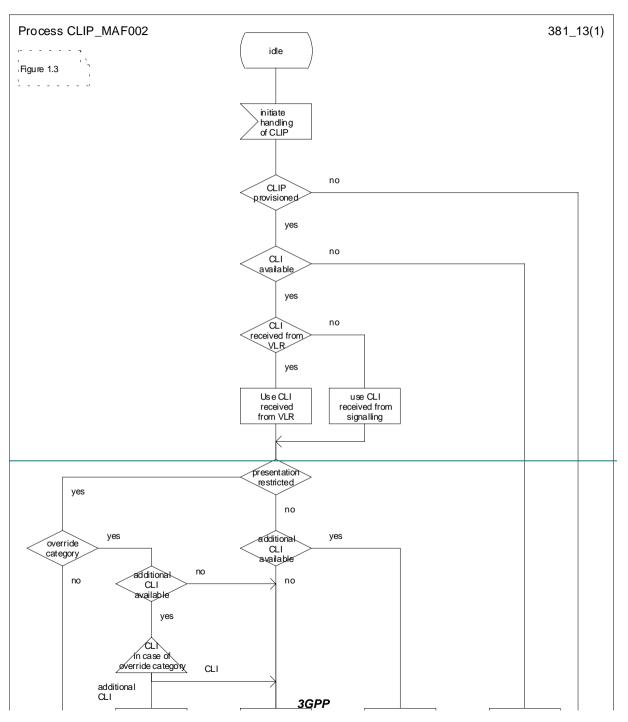


Figure 1.3: MAF002 Determination of the information for offering to the called party (destination MSC)

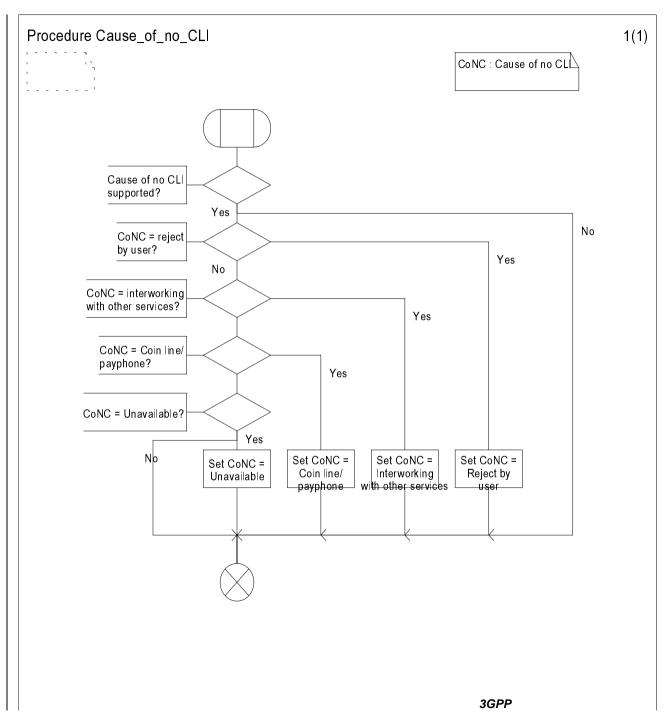


Figure 1.4: Procedure Cause\_of\_no\_CLI

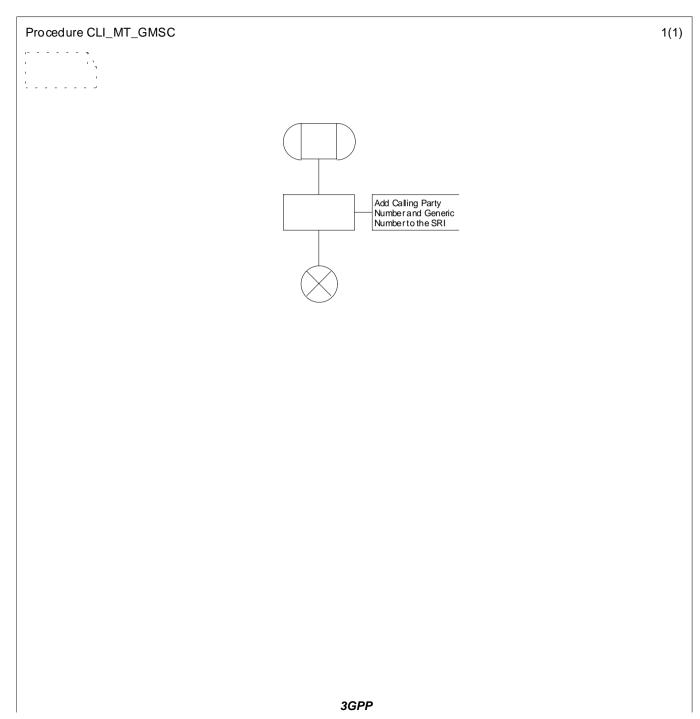


Figure 1.54 Addition of line identification information to Send Routeing Info message.

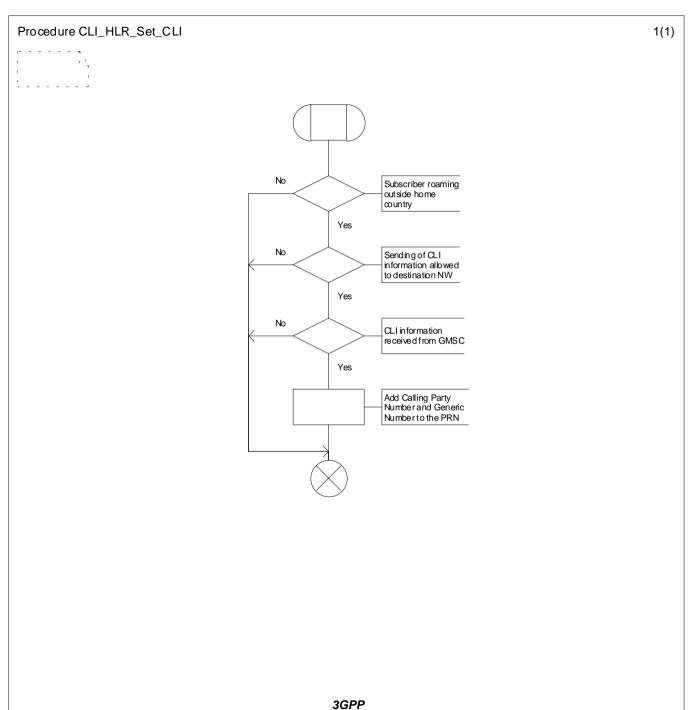


Figure 1.65 Addition of line identification information to Provide Roaming Number message.

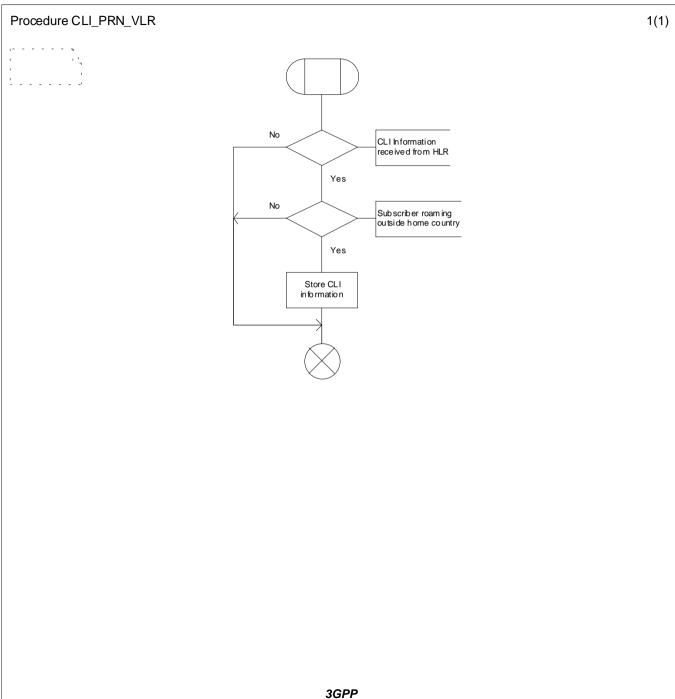


Figure 1.76 Storing of Line Identification in destination VLR

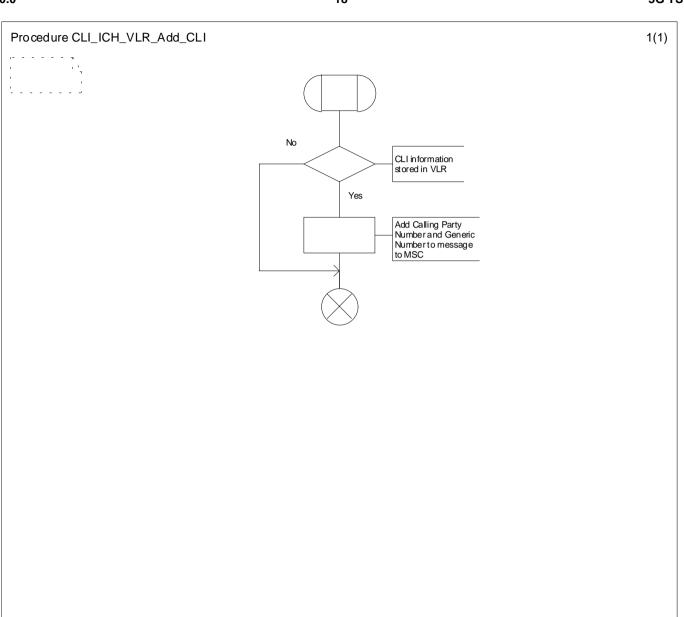
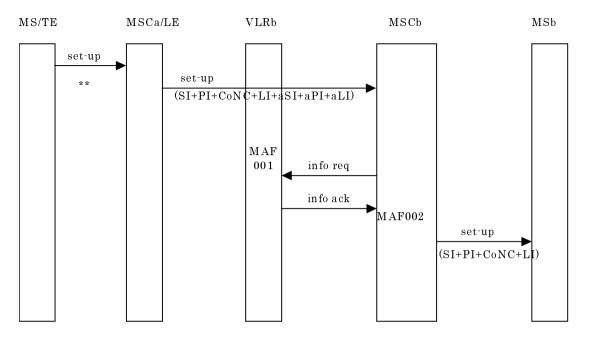
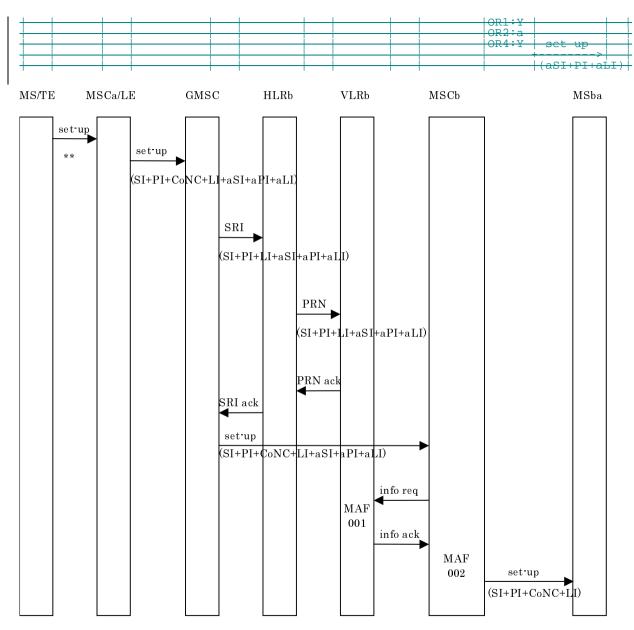


Figure 1.87 Addition of line identification information to Complete Call/Process Call Waiting message.



MS/TE	: M:	3Ca/I	LE	VLR	0	MSCb		MSb
	set-up **		set-up					
			(SI+PI+LI+	MAF	aLI) info req <			
				001	info ack	MAFOO2 OR1:N	set-up	
						OR1:Y OR2:c	set-up	
						OR1:Y OR2:b	(PI)	
						OR3:N	set-up (PI)	
						OR1:Y OR2:b OR3:Y OR4:N	set-up	
							(SI+PI+LI)	
						OR1:Y OR2:b OR3:Y OR4:Y OR5:a	set-up	
						OR1:Y OR2:b OR3:Y	(SI+PI+LI)	
						OR4:Y OR5:b	set-up	
						OR1:Y OR2:a	(aSI+PI+aL	İ)
						OR4:N	set-up (SI+PI+LI)	
						OR1:Y OR2:a OR4:Y	set-up	
							(aSI+PI+aĹ	İ)

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						PRN ack	ur ra. I	Jirani)	<u>'</u>	1 1
				SRI ack		I I I I I I I I				
				SKI ack						
				set-up						
				bee ap						
				(SI+PI+L	LTJG.	T±at t )		' '	1	1 1
				(   D	ı ab.	I abi		info req	'	
							MAF	7		
							001			
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								·	OD 1 · NT	got iin
									OR1:N	set-up
									OD1 • 37	
									OR1:Y	
									OR2:c	set-up
										(DT)
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									OR1:Y	
									OR2:b	
									OR3:N	set up
										(DT)
									0-1	(PI)
									OR1:Y	
									OR2:b	
									OR3:Y	
									OR4:N	<del>set-up</del>
										<del></del>
									_	(SI+PI+LI)
									OR1:Y	
									OR2:b	
									OR3:Y	
									OR4:Y	
									OR5:a	set-up
										/ == == ==
										(SI+PI+LI)
									OR1:Y	
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									OR3:Y	
									OR4:Y	
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						1				



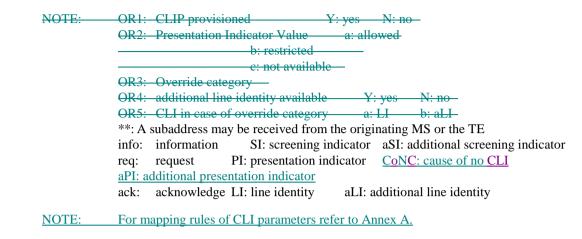


Figure 1.94: Information flow for calling line identification presentation: mobile station or fixed terminal to mobile station

## 1.2.1 Optional capability to carry calling line identification

When GMSC is performing Send Routing Info query it may pass calling line identification to the HLRb. The calling line identification shall be in international format. If the HLRb receives calling line identification within Send Routing Info it may pass unmodified calling line identification within Provide Roaming Number to the VLRb. HLR shall not pass calling line identification in the HPLMN nor in the case where sending of the CLI information is explicitly denied to the destination network..

If MSCb receives calling line identification only from signalling it shall use that parameter for presentation purposes i.e. normal handling as described in the previous subclause applies.

If MSCb receives Cause of no CLI from signalling it shall be sent to the VLRb by Send Info for Incoming Call query.

If MSCb receives calling line identification and/or Cause of no CLI from VLRb and it supports the feature it shall use that parameter for presentation purposes. In this case calling line identification is stored in the VLRb and when the setup message is processed the handling described in the previous subclause is done using the stored calling line identification.

# 1.2.2 Information elements used in the messages

Table 1.2.2.1: Information elements used in messages

Information Element	Logical Information element name	Information element Required	Information element description
Calling Party Number	SI PI LI	M M M	Calling Party Number contains screening indicator (SI), presentation indicator (PI) and line identity (LI) as mandatory information.
Generic Number	aSI <u>aPI</u> aLI	M <u>M</u> M	Generic Number contains additional screening indicator (aSI), additional presentation indicator (aPI) and additional line identity (aLI) as mandatory information.
Cause of no CLI	unavailable reject by user interaction with other service coin line/payphone	<u>M</u> <u>M</u> <u>M</u> <u>M</u>	Cause of no CLI contains detailed Cause of no CLI (unavailable, reject by user, interaction with other service, coin line/payphone) as mandatory information.

# 1.2.3 Parameters in Send Routeing Info and Provide Roaming Number for CLI

Table 1.2.3.1: Messages between GMSC and HLR

Message	Message sender	Information element name	Information element Required	Information element description
Send Routeing Info	GMSC	-	-	Refer to-3G TS 23.018GSM 03.18.
		Calling Party Number	С	In addition: The information element is present if GMSC received calling party number from originating network; otherwise it shall be absent.
		Generic Number	С	The information element is present if GMSC received calling party number from originating network; otherwise it shall be absent.

Table 1.2.3.2: Messages between HLR and VLR

Message	Message sender	Information element name	Information element Required	Information element description
Provide Roaming Number	HLR	-	-	Refer to 3G TS 23.018GSM 03.18. In addition:
		Calling Party Number	С	The information element is present if HLR received calling party number from GMSC and MS B is outside of home country; otherwise it shall be absent.
		Generic Number	С	The information element is present if HLR received calling party number from GMSC and MS B is outside of home country; otherwise it shall be absent.

# 1.2.4 Messages between MSC and VLR in destination network

Table 1.2.4.1: Messages between MSC and VLR

Message	Message sender	Information element name	Information element Required	Information element description
Complete Call	VLR	-	-	Refer to <u>3G TS 23.018</u> <del>GSM 03.18</del> .
		Calling Party Number	С	In addition: The information element is present if it is stored in VLR; otherwise it shall be absent.
		Generic Number	С	The information element is present if it is stored in VLR; otherwise it shall be absent.
		Cause of no CLI	<u>C</u>	The information element is present if it is stored in VLR; otherwise it shall be absent.
Process Call Waiting	VLR	-	-	Refer to <u>3G TS 23.018GSM 03.18</u> .
		Calling Party Number	С	In addition: The information element is present if it is stored in VLR; otherwise it shall be absent.
		Generic Number	С	The information element is present if it is stored in VLR; otherwise it shall be absent.
		Cause of no CLI	<u>C</u>	The information element is present if it is stored in VLR; otherwise it shall be absent.
Send Info for Incoming Call	MSC	Ξ	Ξ	Refer to 3G TS 23.018.
monning dall		Cause of no CLI	<u>C</u>	In addition: The information element is present if MSC received Cause of no CLI; otherwise it shall be absent.

# 1.3 Information stored in the HLR

CLIP may have the following logical states (refer to <u>3G TS 23.011 GSM 03.11</u> for an explanation of the notation):

Provisioning State Registration State Activation State HLR Induction State

(Not Provisioned, Not Applicable, Not Active, Not Induced)

(Provisioned, Not Applicable, Active and Operative, Not Induced)

The HLR shall store the logical state of CLIP (which shall be one of the valid states listed above) on a per subscriber basis.

The HLR shall also store the subscription option "override category" on a per subscriber basis.

This parameter takes one of the following values:

- yes;
- no.

#### \*\*\* Next Modification \*\*\*

### 2.2 Functions and information flows

The following Mobile Additional Functions have been identified for the PLMN:

#### MAF003

Determination of the calling line identification restriction subscription

The ability of a PLMN component to determine whether the supplementary service is provisioned for the mobile subscriber. See figure 2.4.

Location: VLR.

#### MAF004

Determination of the calling party number for offering to the called party

The ability of a PLMN component to determine and to forward the calling line identity and related indications to the called party. See figure 2.5.

Location: originating MSC.

The information flows are shown in figures 2.6 to 2.9.

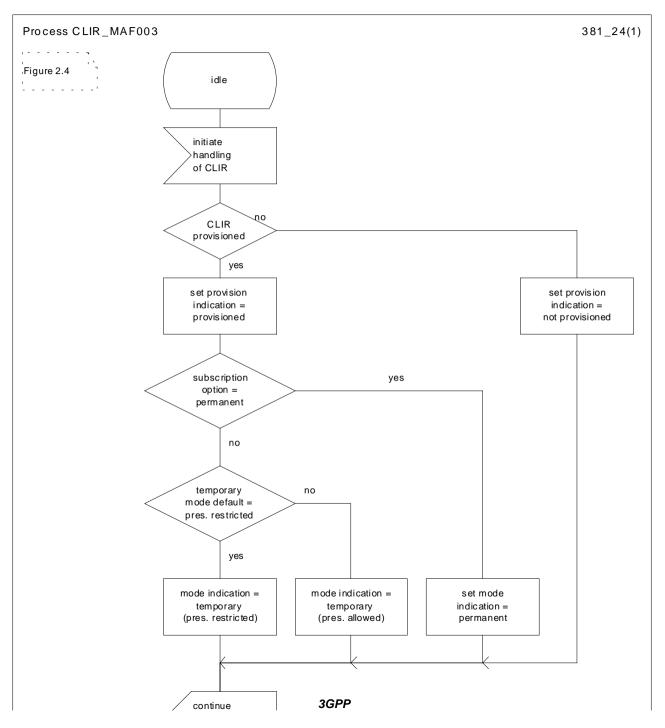
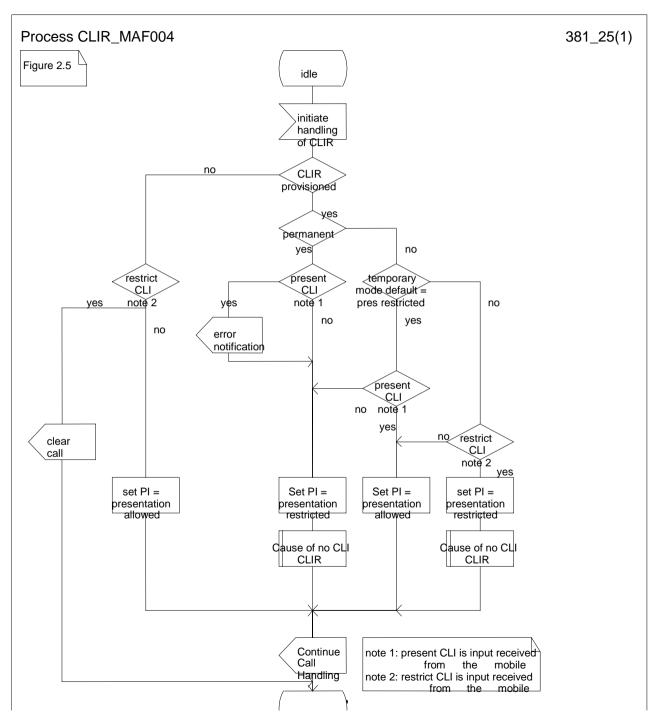


Figure 2.4: MAF003 Determination of calling line identification restriction subscription (VLR)



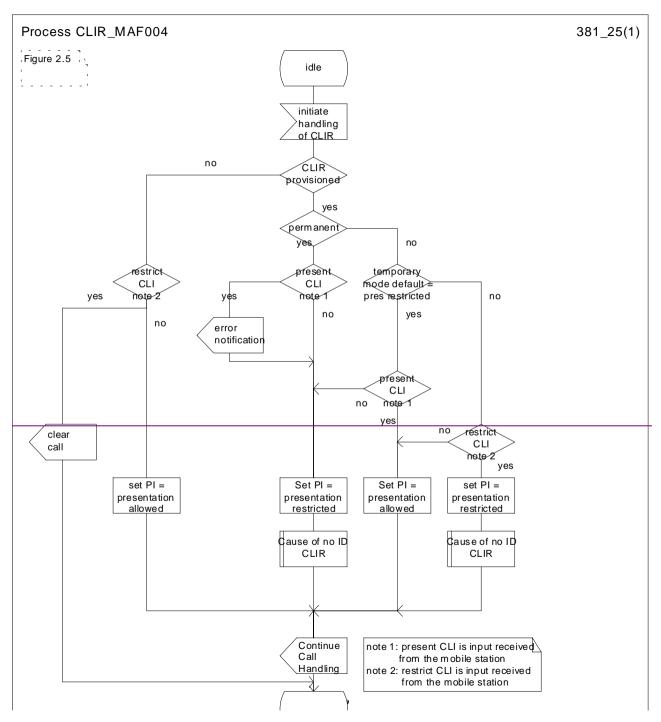


Figure 2.5: MAF004 Determination of the presentation indicator (originating MSC)

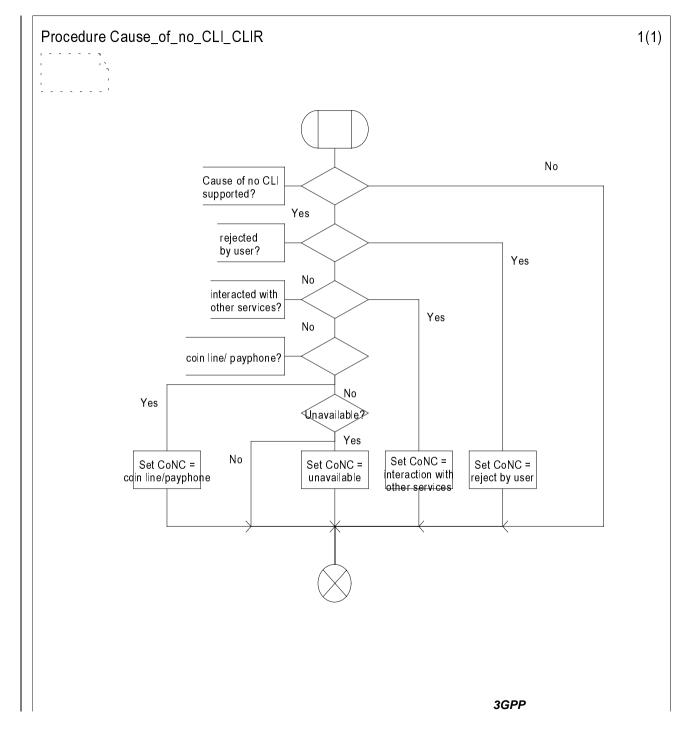
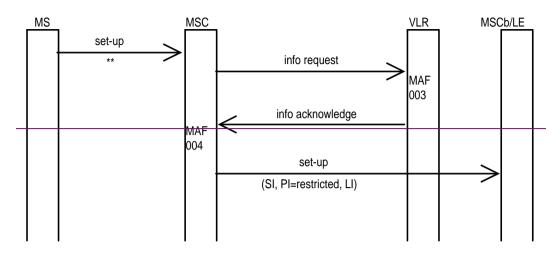
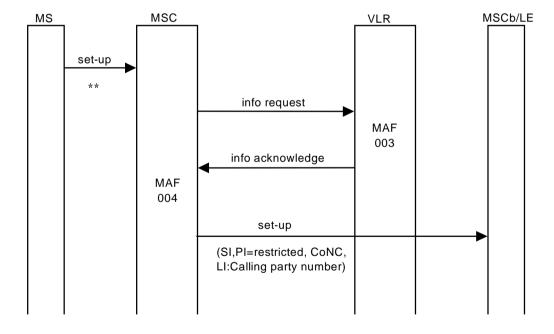


Figure 2.6: Procedure Cause\_of\_no\_CLI\_CLIR



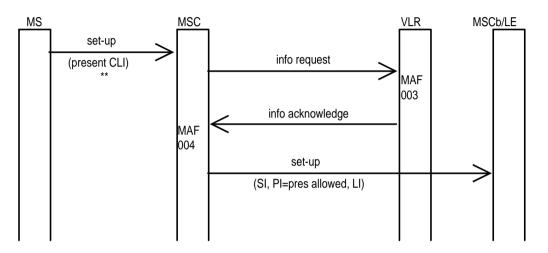


NOTE: \*\*: A subaddress may be received from the MS

SI: screening indicator PI: presentation indicator

LI: line identity

Figure 2.76: Information flow for calling line identification restriction in permanent or temporary mode with the default value "presentation restricted"



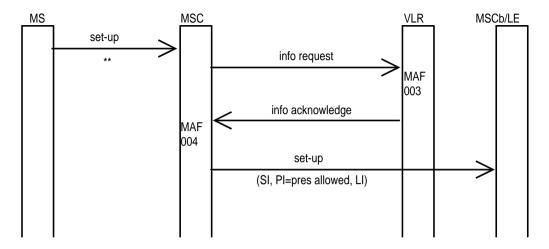
NOTE: \*\*: A subaddress may be received from the MS

SI: screening indicator PI: presentation indicator

LI: line identity

CLI: calling line identity

Figure 2.87: Information flow for allowing presentation of the CLI when CLIR is provisioned in temporary mode with default value "presentation restricted"

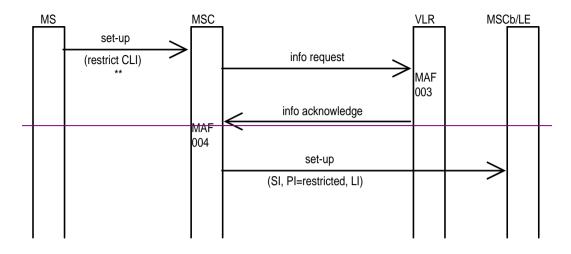


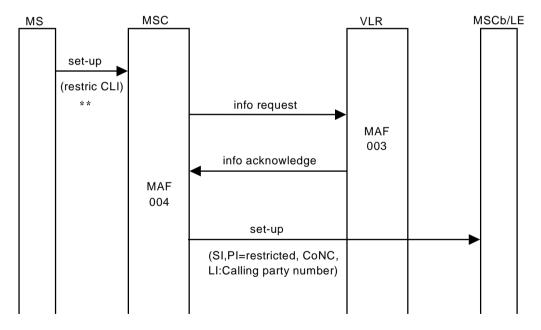
NOTE: \*\*: A subaddress may be received from the MS

SI: screening indicator PI: presentation indicator

LI: line identity

Figure 2.98: Information flow for calling line identification restriction in temporary mode with default value "presentation allowed"





NOTE: \*\*: A subaddress may be received from the MS

SI: screening indicator PI: presentation indicator

LI: line identity

CLI: calling line identity

Figure 2.<u>10</u>9: Information flow for restricting presentation of CLI when CLIR is provisioned in temporary mode with default value "presentation allowed"

## 2.3 Information stored in the HLR

CLIR may have the following logical states (refer to 3G TS 23.011GSM 03.11 for an explanation of the notation):

<b>Provisioning State</b>	Registration State	<b>Activation State</b>	<b>HLR Induction State</b>
(Not Provisioned,	Not Applicable,	Not Active,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Not Applicable,	Active and Operative,	Not Induced)

The HLR shall store the logical state of CLIR (which shall be one of the valid states listed above) on a per subscriber basis.

The HLR shall also store the subscription option "presentation mode" on a per subscriber basis.

This parameter takes one of the following values:

- permanent;
- temporary (presentation restricted);
- temporary (presentation allowed).

\*\*\* Next Modification \*\*\*

## 3.3 Information stored in the HLR

COLP may have the following logical states (refer to <u>3G TS 23.011GSM 03.11</u> for an explanation of the notation):

<b>Provisioning State</b>	Registration State	<b>Activation State</b>	<b>HLR Induction State</b>
(Not Provisioned,	Not Applicable,	Not Active,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Not Applicable,	Active and Operative,	Not Induced)

The HLR shall store the logical state of COLP (which shall be one of the valid states listed above) on a per subscriber basis.

The HLR shall also store the subscription option "override category" on a per subscriber basis.

This parameter takes one of the following values:

- yes;
- no.

#### \*\*\* Next Modification \*\*\*

## 4.3 Information stored in the HLR

COLR may have the following logical states (refer to <u>3G TS 23.011 GSM 03.11</u> for an explanation of the notation):

<b>Provisioning State</b>	<b>Registration State</b>	<b>Activation State</b>	<b>HLR Induction State</b>
(Not Provisioned,	Not Applicable,	Not Active,	Not Induced)
(Provisioned,	Not Applicable,	Active and Operative,	Not Induced)

The HLR shall store the logical state of COLR (which shall be one of the valid states listed above) on a per subscriber basis.

#### \*\*\* Next Modification \*\*\*

# Annex A:

# Mapping of CLI (Informative)

This annex defines the mapping rules of CLI parameters received via the NW-NW interface to CLI parameters to be sent to the MS.

		Information rec	eived over the N	W-NW interface		<u>Infor</u>	mation sent to th	ne MS
	presentation indicator	<u>line identity</u>	additional presentation indicator	additional line identity	Cause of No CLI	presentation indicator	line identity	Cause of No CLI
CLIP not provisioned	*	*_	*_	*	* _	Ξ	=	=
	_	_	=	_	=	not available	=	_
<u>IT</u>	not available	_	<u>=</u>	_	_	not available	_	<u>_</u>
atego	allowed	digits	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	<u>allowed</u>	digits of line identity	Ξ
CLIP provisioned without override category	allowed	digits	<u>±</u>	digits	=	<u>allowed</u>	digits of additional line identity	Ξ
it o	restricted	digits	*	*	Ξ	restricted	=	
nou	<u>restricted</u>	<u>digits</u>	*	*	<u>unavailable</u>	restricted	Ξ	<u>unavailable</u>
<u>vitl</u>	<u>restricted</u>	<u>digits</u>	*	*	reject by user	restricted	Ξ	reject by user
ned v	restricted	<u>digits</u>	<u>*</u>	<u>*</u>	interaction with other service	restricted	Ξ	interaction with other service
isic	<u>restricted</u>	<u>digits</u>	* _	*	<u>payphone</u>	restricted	Ξ	<u>payphone</u>
prov	restricted by network	<u>digits</u>	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	not available	Ξ	Ξ
CLIF	restricted by network	<u>digits</u>	allowed	<u>digits</u>	=	<u>allowed</u>	digits of additional line identity	=

		Information red	ceived over the N	W-NW interface		Infor	mation sent to th	
	presentation	line identity	additional	additional line	Cause of No	presentation	line identity	Cause of No
	indicator		presentation	identity	<u>CLI</u>	indicator		<u>CLI</u>
			<u>indicator</u>					
	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	not available	Ξ	Ξ
	not available	<u>=</u>	<u>=</u>	Ξ	Ξ	not available	Ξ	Ξ
	allowed	<u>digits</u>	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	allowed	digits of line identity	Ξ
	allowed	digits	<u>+</u>	digits	Ξ	allowed	digits of additional line	Ξ
H							<u>identity</u>	
gor	<u>restricted</u>	<u>digits</u>	=	Ξ	Ξ	restricted	digits of line	Ξ.
ate							identity	
e C	restricted	digits	<u>+</u>	digits	=	restricted	NOTE 1	<u>=</u>
rid	restricted	digits	<u>+</u>	digits	unavailable	restricted	NOTE 1	unavailable
/er	restricted	digits	<u>±</u>	digits	reject by user	restricted	NOTE 1	reject by user
6	restricted	digits	<u>+</u>	digits	interaction with	restricted	NOTE 1	interaction with
vith		41. 1.		44. 4.	other service		NOTE 4	other service
d v	restricted	digits	<u>+</u>	digits	payphone	restricted	NOTE 1	<u>payphone</u>
sione	restricted	<u>digits</u>	Ξ	Ξ	<u>unavailable</u>	restricted	digits of line identity	<u>unavailable</u>
CLIP provisioned with override category	restricted	digits	Ξ	Ξ	reject by user	restricted	digits of line identity	reject by user
H H	restricted	digits	=	Ξ	interaction with	restricted	digits of line	interaction with
					other service		<u>identity</u>	other service
	restricted	<u>digits</u>	Ξ	Ξ	<u>payphone</u>	restricted	digits of line identity	<u>payphone</u>
	restricted by	digits	=	=	=	restricted	digits of line	=
	<u>network</u>						<u>identity</u>	
	restricted by network	<u>digits</u>	allowed	digits	Ξ	allowed	digits of additional line	=
	HCLWOIK						identity	
	l	I.	<u> 1</u>		1	l	<u>Identity</u>	

<sup>-</sup> parameter not present

NOTE 1: Network Option to send either digits of the line identity or digits of additional line identity applies.

<sup>\*</sup> parameter absent or present, if present it may have any value

<sup>+</sup> parameter present, it may have any value

# 3GPP/SMG TSG-CN WG4 Meeting #2 Rotenburg, Germany, 22 May – 26 May 2000

# **Document N4-000400**e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

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Work item:	TEI							
Category:  (only one category shall be marked with an X)	Addition of Functional	modification of fea		rlier release		elease:	Phase 2 Release 96 Release 97 Release 98 Release 99 Release 00	X
Reason for change:		ion allows to indic ty.This is a requir			s due to wh	nich the C	CLI is not prese	ented
Clauses affecte	<u>d:</u> 0, 0.1,	0.2, 1.1, 2.3						
Other specs affected:		cifications	-	→ List of CF → List of CF → List of CF → List of CF → List of CF	Rs: Rs: Rs:	1, 24.008	3	
Other comments:								

# 3G TS 24.081 V3.0.0 (1999-05)

Technical Specification

3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Core Network; Line identification supplementary services - Stage 3 (3G TS 24.081 version 3.0.0)



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# **Foreword**

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3GPP.

This TS specifies the procedures used at the radio interface for normal operation, registration, erasure, activation, deactivation, invocation and interrogation of line identification supplementary services within the 3GPP system.

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of this TS, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version 3.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
  - 1 presented to TSG for information;
  - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
  - 3 Indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the specification;

#### 0Scope

The present document specifies the procedures used at the radio interface for normal operation, registration, erasure, activation, deactivation, invocation and interrogation of line identification supplementary services. Provision and withdrawal of supplementary services is an administrative matter between the mobile subscriber and the service provider and cause no signalling on the radio interface.

In TS 24.010GSM 04.10 the general aspects of the specification of supplementary services at the layer 3 radio interface are given.

TS 24.080GSM 04.80 specifies the formats and coding for the supplementary services.

Definitions and descriptions of supplementary services are given in TS 22.040GSM 02.04 and TS 22.08xGSM 02.8x and TS 22.09x-series GSM 02.9x series. TS 22.081GSM 02.81 is related specially to line identification supplementary services.

Technical realization of supplementary services is described in TS 23.011GSM 03.11 and TS 23.08xGSM 03.8x and TS 23.09x-series GSM 03.9x series. TS 23.081 GSM 03.81 is related specially to line identification supplementary services.

The procedures for Call Control, Mobility Management and Radio Resource management at the layer 3 radio interface are defined in TS 24.007GSM 04.07, and GSM 04.08 and 3G TS 24.008.

The following supplementary services belong to the line identification supplementary services and are described in the present document:

-	Calling line identification presentation	(CLIP)	(clause 1);
-	Calling line identification restriction	(CLIR)	(clause 2);
-	Connected line identification presentation	(COLP)	(clause 3);
_	Connected line identification restriction	(COLR)	(clause 4).

#### References 0.1

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.
- A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.

[1]	GSM 01.02: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); General description of a GSM Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN)".
[2]	TS 22.004GSM 02.04: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); General on supplementary services".
[3]	TS 22.081 GSM 02.81: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Line identification supplementary services - Stage 1".
[4]	TS 22.082GSM 02.82: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Call Forwarding (CF) supplementary services - Stage 1".
[5]	TS 22.083GSM 02.83: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Call Waiting (CW) and Call Hold (HOLD) supplementary services - Stage 1".

I	[21]	interface signalling layer 3; General aspects".  TS 24.008GSM 04.08: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Mobile radio
	[20]	supplementary services operation - Stage 2". <u>TS 24.007GSM 04.07</u> : "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Mobile radio
	[19]	TS 23.090GSM 03.90: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Unstructured
	[18]	TS 23.088GSM 03.88: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Call Barring (CB) supplementary services - Stage 2".
	[17]	TS 23.086GSM 03.86: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Advice of Charge (AoC) supplementary services - Stage 2".
	[16]	TS 23.085GSM 03.85: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Closed User Group (CUG) supplementary services - Stage 2".
	[15]	TS 23.084GSM 03.84: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); MultiParty (MPTY) supplementary services - Stage 2".
	[14]	TS 23.083 GSM 03.83: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Call Waiting (CW) and Call Hold (HOLD) supplementary services - Stage 2".
	[13]	TS 23.082GSM 03.82: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Call Forwarding (CF) supplementary services - Stage 2".
	[12]	TS 23.081 GSM 03.81: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Line identification supplementary services - Stage 2".
	[11]	TS 23.011GSM 03.11: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Technical realization of supplementary services".
	[10]	TS 22.090GSM 02.90: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Unstructured Supplementary Service Data (USSD) - Stage 1".
	[9]	TS 22.088GSM 02.88: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Call Barring (CB) supplementary services - Stage 1".
	[8]	TS 22.086GSM 02.86: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Advice of Charge (AoC) supplementary services - Stage 1".
	[7]	TS 22.085 GSM 02.85: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Closed User Group (CUG) supplementary services - Stage 1".
	[6]	TS 22.084GSM 02.84: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); MultiParty (MPTY) supplementary services - Stage 1".

# 0.2 Abbreviations

Abbreviations used in the present document are listed in GSM 01.04 and 3G TR 21.905..

# 1 Calling Line Identification Presentation (CLIP)

# 1.1 Normal operation

The calling line identity consists of a calling party BCD number and optionally, a calling party subaddress and/or a cause of no CLI.

The calling party BCD number information element is made up of a number of information units as indicated in GSM 04.083G TS 24.008.

In addition to or instead of the calling party's digits, the subscriber may be given the following information:

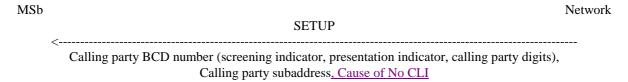
- screening indicator;
- presentation indicator.

Indicator values are given in GSM 04.083G TS 24.008.

The calling party subaddress information element is made up of a number of information units as indicated in GSM 04.083G TS 24.008.

The cause of no CLI information element is made up of a detailed cause of no CLIid as indicated in 3G TS 24.008.

A called mobile subscriber subscribing to calling line identification presentation service receives the call with the information indicated above, see figure 1.1.



NOTE: The calling party subaddress is passed to MSb if it is received from the originating network.

Figure 1.1: Notification by the network to the called mobile subscriber

When the calling line identity is not available, the presentation indicator which is given to the called mobile subscriber takes the value of "number not available".

## 1.2 Interrogation

#### **Status Check**

The mobile subscriber can request the status of the supplementary service and be informed if the service is provided to him.

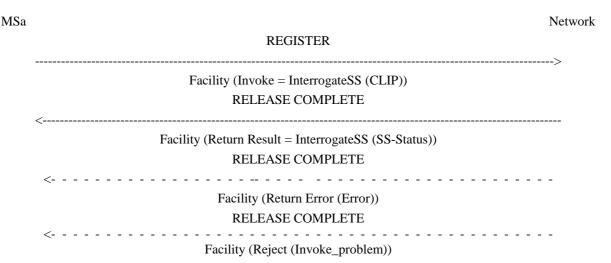


Figure 1.2: Interrogation of calling line identification presentation

# 1.3 Activation, deactivation, registration and erasure

Activation, deactivation, registration and erasure of the supplementary service calling line identification presentation are not applicable.

# 2 Calling Line Identification Restriction (CLIR)

# 2.1 Normal Operation

When calling line identification restriction is applicable, the originating network provides the destination network with a notification that the calling party's ISDN number, with possible additional address information, is not allowed to be presented to the called party.

If the called mobile user subscribes to calling line identification presentation and the calling party has calling line identification restriction applied, the called mobile party shall receive the presentation indicator showing "presentation restricted" in the calling party BCD field of the SETUP message, see figure 1.1. In this case, the calling party's number (digits) will not be sent towards the called subscriber.

# 2.2 Requesting presentation of CLI

When the CLIR presentation mode is temporary (presentation restricted), it is possible for the subscriber to present his CLI on a per call basis. The MS shall send a CLIR suppression information element to the network.

If the subscriber tries to override CLIR (i.e. requests that the CLI is displayed), when he has subscribed to permanent mode a NotifySS shall be sent to the MS in order to inform that the override has not been performed and the call set-up shall continue.

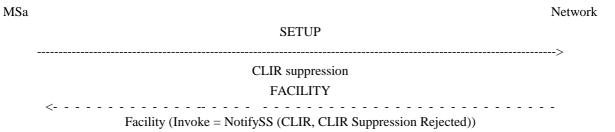


Figure 2.1: Requesting presentation of CLI

# 2.3 Requesting restriction of CLI presentation

When the CLIR presentation mode is temporary (presentation allowed), it is possible for the subscriber to restrict the CLI on a per call basis. The MS shall send a CLIR invocation information element to the network.

If the subscriber has not subscribed to CLIR and tries to invoke CLIR (i.e. requests that the CLI is not displayed), the SETUP shall be rejected. The MS and the network shall act in accordance with GSM 04.083G TS 24.008-network initiated call clearing procedure, see figure 2.2.

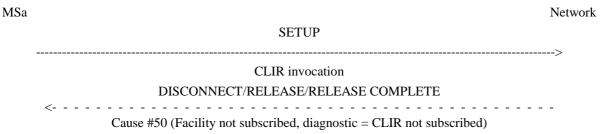


Figure 2.2: Requesting restriction of CLI presentation

# 2.4 Interrogation

#### Data request

The mobile subscriber can request the data of the supplementary service.

If the service is not provisioned the network shall sent a return result including the SS-Status parameter.

If the service is provisioned the network shall sent a return result including the SS-Status and the CLI Restriction Option parameters.

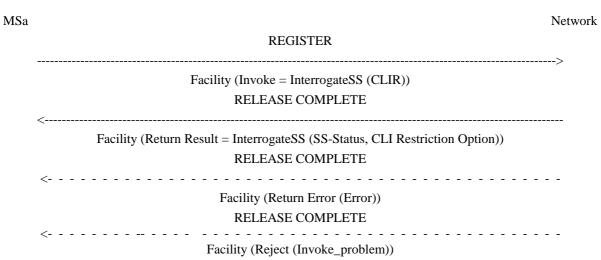


Figure 2.3: Interrogation of calling line identification restriction

## 2.5 Activation, deactivation, registration and erasure

Activation, deactivation, registration and erasure of the supplementary service calling line identification restriction are not applicable.

# 3 Connected Line Identification Presentation (COLP)

## 3.1 Normal operation

The connected line identity consists of a connected number and optionally, a connected subaddress.

The connected number is made up of a number of information units as indicated in TS 24.008GSM 04.08.

In addition to or instead of the connected number digits, the subscriber may be given the following information:

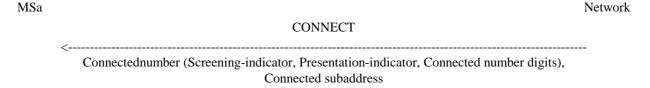
- screening indicator;
- presentation indicator.

Indicator values are given in TS 24.008GSM 04.08.

In the call set-up phase the calling mobile subscriber receives the information at the end of the call set-up.

The connected subaddress information element is made up of a number of information units as indicated in <u>TS</u> 24.008GSM 04.08.

A calling mobile subscriber subscribing to connected line identification presentation receives a message with the information indicated above, see figure 3.1.



NOTE: The connected subaddress is passed to MSa if it is received from the terminating network.

Figure 3.1: Notification by the network to the calling mobile subscriber

When the connected line identity is not available (due to interworking or presentation restrictions), appropriate indication information is given to the calling mobile subscriber.

## 3.2 Interrogation

#### **Status Check**

The mobile subscriber can request the status of the supplementary service and be informed if the service is provided to him.

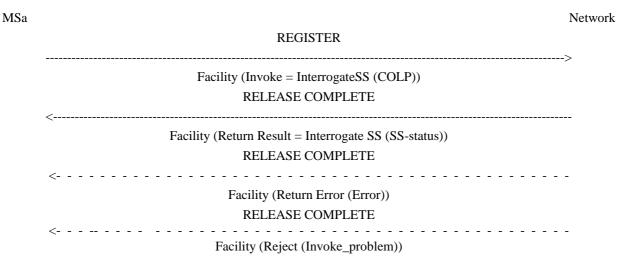


Figure 3.2: Interrogation of connected line identification presentation

## 3.3 Activation, deactivation, registration and erasure

Activation, deactivation, registration and erasure of the supplementary service connected line identification presentation is not applicable.

# 4 Connected Line Identification Restriction (COLR)

## 4.1 Normal operation

When connected line identification restriction is applicable the destination network provides the originating network with a notification that the connected party's ISDN number, with possible additional address information, is not allowed to be presented to the calling party.

If the calling mobile user subscribes to connected line identification presentation and the connected party has connected line identification restriction applied, the calling mobile party shall receive the presentation indicator showing "presentation restricted", see figure 3.1. In this case, the connected number will not be sent towards the calling subscriber.

## 4.2 Interrogation

#### **Status Check**

The mobile subscriber can request the status of the supplementary service and be informed if the service is provided to him.

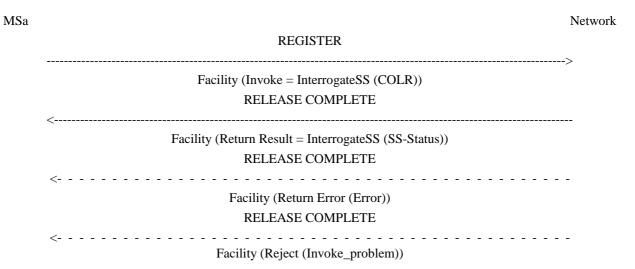


Figure 4.1: Interrogation of connected line identification restriction

## 4.3 Activation, deactivation, registration and erasure

Activation, deactivation, registration and erasure of the supplementary service connected line identification restriction are not applicable.

# Annex A: Change history

	Change history									
TSG CN#	Spec	Version	CR	<phase></phase>	New Version	Subject/Comment				
Apr 1999	GSM 04.81	6.0.0				Transferred to 3GPP CN1				
CN#03	24.081				3.0.0	Approved at CN#03				

# History

Document history					
V3.0.0	May 1999	Approved at TSGN #3. Under TSG TSG CN Change Control.			

## 3GPP TSG CN WG4 Meeting #2 Rotenburg, Germany, 22-26 May 2000

# Document **N4-000211**

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

		CHANGE I	REQU	JEST Pa	lease see embedded help t age for instructions on how		
		29.002	CR	132	Current Versi	on: 3.4.0	
GSM (AA.BB) or 3	BG (AA.BBB) specificat	tion number↑		↑ CR nun	nber as allocated by MCC	support team	
For submission	meeting # here ↑	for ap	ļ	X	strate non-strate s available from: ftp://ftp.3gpp.c	gic X use on	nly)
Proposed char (at least one should be	nge affects:	(U)SIM	ME [		AN / Radio	Core Network	
Source:	N4				Date:	2000-04-10	
Subject:	Correction o	f version handling	g at dialo	gue establis	hment		
Work item:	TEI						
(only one category shall be marked with an X)	B Addition of f C Functional n D Editorial mo	nodification of fea dification	ature		Release:	Phase 2 Release 96 Release 97 Release 98 Release 99 Release 00	X
Reason for change:	response to however, is a with the resu	the MAP-OPEN in the sent when the lilt set to "Dialogu	request ve dialogue_refuse	when the dial e is to be ref ed" (refer to N	-CLOSE Confirm p logue is refused. A used, a MAP-OPE Macro Receive_Op to the dialogue estab	MAP-CLOSE, N Confirm is se en_Ind).	
Clauses affecte	ed: 18.2.4						
Other specs affected:		ifications	-	→ List of CR: → List of CR: → List of CR: → List of CR: → List of CR: → List of CR:	s: s: s:		
Other comments:							
help.doc							

<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

## 18.2.4 Version handling at dialogue establishment

Unless explicitly indicated in subsequent subclauses, the following principles regarding version handling procedures at dialogue establishment are applied by the MAP-user:

#### 18.2.4.1 Behaviour at the initiating side

When a MAP user signalling procedure has to be executed, the MAP-user issues a MAP-OPEN request primitive with an appropriate application-context-name. If several names are supported (i.e. several versions) a suitable one is selected using the procedures described in clause 5.

If version 2 is selected and a MAP-<u>CLOSE-OPEN</u> Confirm primitive in response to the MAP-OPEN request is received with a result parameter set to "refused" and a diagnostic parameter indicating "application-context-not-supported" or "potential incompatibility problem", the MAP-User issues a new MAP-OPEN request primitive with the equivalent version one context. This is informally represented in the SDL diagrams by a task symbol indicating "Perform Vr procedure".

If version 3 is selected and a MAP-<u>CLOSE-OPEN</u> Confirm primitive in response to the MAP-OPEN request is received with a result parameter set to "refused" and a diagnostic parameter indicating "application-context-not-supported" or "potential incompatibility problem", the MAP-User issues a new MAP-OPEN request primitive with the equivalent version one or version two context. This is informally represented in the SDL diagrams by task symbols indicating "Perform Vr procedure".

If version 4 is selected and a MAP-OPEN Confirm primitive in response to the MAP-OPEN request is received with a result parameter set to "refused" and a diagnostic parameter indicating "application-context-not-supported" or "potential incompatibility problem", the MAP-User issues a new MAP-OPEN request primitive with the equivalent version one, version two or version three context. This is informally represented in the SDL diagrams by task symbols indicating "Perform Vr procedure".

#### 18.2.4.2 Behaviour at the responding side

On receipt of a MAP-OPEN indication primitive, the MAP-User analyses the application-context-name.

If it refers to a version one context, the associated V1 procedure is executed; if it refers to a version two context, the associated V2 procedure is executed, if it refers to a version three context, the associated V3 procedure is executed, otherwise the associated V3 procedure is executed.

## 3GPP TSG CN WG 4 Meeting #2 Rotenburg, Germany, 22-26 May 2000

# Document N4-000357

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

	CHANGE REQUEST  Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.					
	29.002 CR 133r1 Current Version: 3.4.0					
GSM (AA.BB) or 30	G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑					
For submission	neeting # here ↑ for information non-strategic X use only)					
Proposed chan (at least one should be						
Source:	N4 <u>Date:</u> 2000-04-20					
Subject:	Various corrections and/or cleanup to 29.002					
Work item:	TEI					
(only one category shall be marked (	A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release Release 96					
Reason for change:	There are still many small errors in 29.002. Many of these errors have been around for many years. This CR attempts to fix a few of these errors.					
Clauses affecte	7.6.1.4, 8.1.2.2, 8.2.2.3, 8.11.1.1, 8.11.2.1, 21.2.5					
Other specs Affected:						
Other comments:	Details of changes:					
	Subclause 7.6.1.4 User Error, bullet i): The formatting for this section is wrong making it impossible to distinguish the detailed error codes from the others.					
	Subclause 8.1.2.2-3: MSC Address changed to MSC number to match the definition given in 7.6.2. This is consistent with the use of this parameter in other parts of the document.					
	Subclause 8.11.1.1 and 8.11.2.1: It was not stated whether these services were confirmed or unconfirmed. A sentence was added to clarify that these were confirmed services.					
	Subclause 21.2.5: The text was corrected to match the corresponding SDL.					

help.doc

<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

#### 7.6.1.4 User error

(...)

- <u>i)</u> <u>i)</u> Location services problem:
  - Unauthorized Requesting Network
  - Unauthorized LCS Client with detailed reasons as follows:
    - Unauthorized Privacy Class
    - Unauthorized Call Unrelated External Client
    - Unauthorized Call Related External Client
  - Privacy override not applicable
  - Position method failure with detailed reasons as follows:
    - Congestion
    - Insufficient resources
    - Insufficient Measurement Data
    - Inconsistent Measurement Data
    - Location procedure not completed
    - QoS not attainable
  - Unknown or unreachable LCS Client
  - -Unauthorized Requesting Network
  - -Unauthorized LCS Client with detailed reason as follows
  - **Unauthorzied Privacy Class**
  - -Unauthoized Call Unrelated External Client
  - -Unauthorized Call Related External Client
  - -Privacy override not applicable
  - Position method failure with detailed reason as follows:
  - -Congestion
  - **Insufficient resources**
  - -Insufficient Measurement Data
  - **Inconsistent Measurement Data** 
    - Location procedure not completed
    - Location procedure not supported by target MS
    - QoS not attainable
  - **Unknown or unreachable LCS Client**

## 8.1.2.2 Service primitives

Parameter name	Request	Indication	Response	Confirm
Invoke Id	M	M(=)	M(=)	M(=)
IMSI	M	M(=)	, ,	, ,
MSC Address	M	M(=)		
VLR number	M	M(=)		
LMSI	U	C(=)		
Supported CAMEL Phases	С	C(=)		
SoLSA Support Indicator	С	C(=)		
IST Support Indicator	С	C(=)		
Super-Charger Supported in Serving	С	C(=)		
Network Entity		, ,		
Long FTN Supported	С	C(=)		
HLR number		, ,	С	C(=)
User error			С	C(=)
Provider error				Ò

Table 8.1/2: MAP\_UPDATE\_LOCATION

#### 8.1.2.3 Parameter definitions and use

#### Invoke Id

See definition in subclause 7.6.1.

#### **IMSI**

See definition in subclause 7.6.2.

#### MSC Address

See definition <u>for MSC number in subclause 7.6.2</u>. The MSC address is used for short message delivery only and for each incoming call set-up attempt the MSRN will be requested from the VLR.

#### VLR number

See definition in subclause 7.6.2.

(...)

## 8.11.1 MAP-ANY-TIME-INTERROGATION service

#### 8.11.1.1 Definition

This service is used by the gsmSCF, to request information (e.g. subscriber state and location) from the HLR or the GMLC at any time.

When this service is used to the HLR, the subscriber state or location may be requested.

When this service is used to the GMLC, only the location may be requested.

The MAP-ANY-TIME-INTERROGATION service is a confirmed service using the service primitives defined in table 8.11/1.

#### 8.11.1.2 Service primitives

Table 8.11/1: Any\_Time\_Interrogation

Parameter name	Request	Indication	Response	Confirm
Invoke id	M	M(=)	M(=)	M(=)
Requested Info	M	M(=)		
gsmSCF-Address	M	M(=)		
IMSI	С	C(=)		
MSISDN	С	C(=)		
Location Information			С	C(=)
Subscriber State			С	C(=)
User error			С	C(=)
Provider error				Ö

## 8.11.2 MAP-PROVIDE-SUBSCRIBER-Info service

#### 8.11.2.1 Definition

This service is used to request information (e.g. subscriber state and location) from the VLR at any time.

The MAP-PROVIDE-SUBSCRIBER-Info service is a confirmed service using the primitives defined in table 8.11/2.

## 8.11.2.2 Service primitives

Table 8.11/2: Provide\_Subscriber\_Information

Parameter name	Request	Indication	Response	Confirm
Invoke id	M	M(=)	M(=)	M(=)
Requested Info	M	M(=)		
IMSI	M	M(=)		
LMSI	U	0		
Location Information			С	C(=)
Subscriber State			С	C(=)
User error			С	C(=)
Provider error				0

## 3GPP TSG CN SWG4 Meeting #2 Rotenburg, Germany, 22-26 May 2000

# Document N4-000217

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

		(	CHANGE	REQ	UEST	Please page for			ile at the bottom to fill in this form	
			29.002	CR	134		Currer	nt Versio	on: 3.4.0	
GSM (AA.BB) or 30	G (AA.BBI	B) specifica	tion number↑		1	CR number a	s allocated	l by MCC s	upport team	
For submission	meeting #			approval rmation	X	in farms in some the		strate		or SMG se only)
Proposed chan (at least one should be	ge affe	ects:	(U)SIM	] ME	version or a	UTRAN	·	.//пр.зурр.о.	Core Netw	
Source:	N4							Date:	2000-05-0	08
Subject:	Corr	ection o	<mark>f errors in Figure</mark>	25.1/1:	Macro F	Receive_C	Open_Ir	nd		
Work item:	TEI									
(only one category shall be marked (	A Corr B Add C Fun D Edit	ition of f ctional r orial mo	nodification of fe dification	ature				ease:	Phase 2 Release 9 Release 9 Release 9 Release 0	7 8 9 <b>X</b> 0
Reason for change:			Figure 25.1/1 contains the macro is					-		
Clauses affecte	ed:	25.1.2								
Other specs affected:	Other MS tes BSS te	GSM co st specif	e specifications ore specifications fications cifications ations		ightarrow List $ m c$ $ ightarrow$ List $ m c$ $ ightarrow$ List $ m c$ $ ightarrow$ List $ m c$	of CRs: of CRs: of CRs:				
Other comments:										
help.doc										

<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

## 25.1.1 Macro Receive Open Ind

This macro is used by a MAP service-user procedure when a peer entity requests opening of a dialogue.

If the application context received in the MAP-OPEN indication primitive indicates a context name of the MAP version one context set, the macro takes the Vr exit..

If an application-context different from version 1 is received, the presence of MAP\_OPEN information is checked. If no MAP\_OPEN information has been received, the MAP\_OPEN response with:

- Result set to Dialogue Accepted; and
- Application Context Name set to the received value,

#### is returned

If the received version (Vr) is the one described in this version of MAP, the macro takes the OK exit, otherwise it takes the Vr exit..

If MAP\_OPEN information is received, the macro "CHECK\_REFERENCE" is called in order to check whether the received values for Destination Reference and Originating Reference correspond with the requirements of the received application-context-name. The outcome of this check is an error, the MAP\_OPEN response with:

- Result set to Dialogue Refused;
- Refuse Reason set to Invalid Destination Reference or Invalid Originating Reference;
- Application Context Name set to the highest version supported,

is returned and the macro takes the error exit.

If the data values received for Destination Reference and Originating Reference are accepted for the associated application-context-name it is checked whether the Destination Reference is known if this check is required by the process that calls the macro.

If the Destination Reference (e.g. a subscribers IMSI) is unknown, the MAP\_OPEN response with

- Result set to Dialogue Refused;
- Refuse Reason set to Invalid Destination Reference;
- Application Context Name set to the highest version supported,

is returned and the macro takes the error exit.

Else, if the Destination Reference is accepted or if no check is required, the MAP\_OPEN response with

- Result set to Dialogue Accepted; and
- Application Context Name set to the received value,

is returned and

If the received version (Vr) is the one described in this version of MAP, the macro takes the OK exit, otherwise it takes the Vr exit.

## 25.1.2 Macro Receive\_Open\_Cnf

This macro is used by a user procedure after it requested opening of a dialogue towards a peer entity.

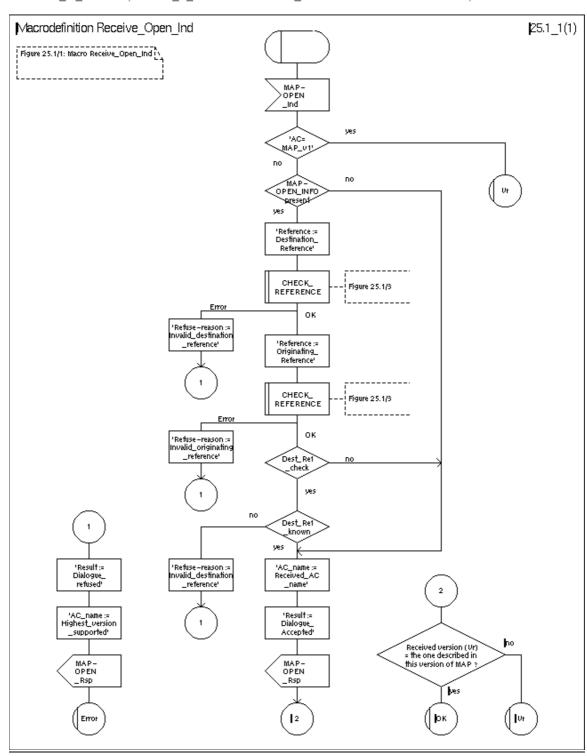
On receipt of a MAP\_OPEN Confirmation with a "Result" parameter indicating "Dialogue Accepted", the macro takes the OK exit.

If the "Result" parameter indicates "Dialogue Refused", the "Refuse-reason" parameter is examined. If the "Refuse-reason" parameter indicates "Potential Version Incompatibility", the macro terminates in a way that causes restart of the dialogue by using the version 1 protocol.

If the "Refuse-reason" parameter indicates "Application Context Not Supported" and if the received Application Context Name indicates "Version Vr" (Vr < Vn), the macro terminates in a way that causes restart of the dialogue by using the version Vr protocol. Otherwise, the macro takes the Error exit.

If the "Refuse-reason" parameter indicates neither "Potential Version Incompatibility" nor "Application Context Not Supported", the macro takes the Error exit.

If a MAP\_U\_ABORT, a MAP\_P\_ABORT or a MAP\_NOTICE Indication is received, the macro takes the Error exit.



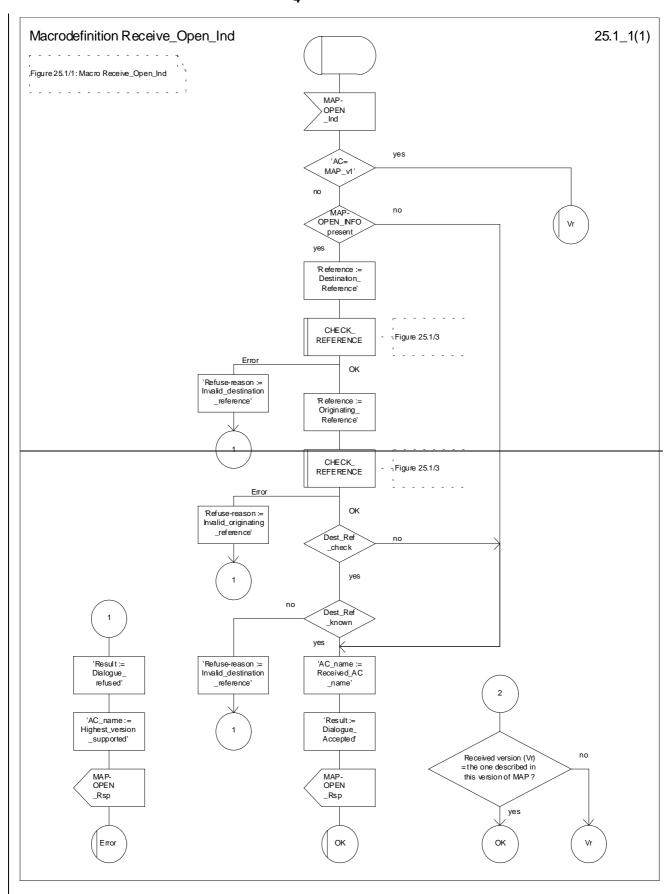


Figure 25.1/1: Macro Receive\_Open\_Ind

## **3GPP TSG CN WG 4 #2** Rotenburg a.d Fulda, Germany, 22-26 May 2000

# Document N4-000374 e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

	CHAN	IGE REQ	UEST Please	e see embedded help f for instructions on how	ile at the bottom of this to fill in this form correctly.
	29	.002 CR	149	Current Version	on: 3.4.0
GSM (AA.BB) or 3	G (AA.BBB) specification number	<b>↑</b>	↑ CR number	as allocated by MCC s	support team
For submission		for approval for information	X	strate non-strate	· '
Form: CR cover she	et, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG TI	ne latest version of this forr	m is available from: ftp://	ftp.3gpp.org/Info	ormation/CR-Form- v2.doc
Proposed chan (at least one should be		IM ME	UTRAN	N / Radio	Core Network X
Source:	N4			Date:	25.05.2000
Subject:	Correction to the des	cription of MAP-	MO-Forward-Sh	ort-Message se	rvice
Work item:	TEI				
(only one category shall be marked	F Correction A Corresponds to a co B Addition of feature C Functional modification D Editorial modification	on of feature	rlier release	Release:	Phase 2 Release 96 Release 97 Release 98 Release 99 Release 00
Reason for change:	Mirror CR to 09.02-A	301			
Clauses affecte	ed: 12.2.1				
Other specs affected:	Other 3G core specific Other GSM core speci MS test specifications BSS test specifications O&M specifications	fications -	→ List of CRs: → List of CRs: → List of CRs: → List of CRs: → List of CRs: → List of CRs:		
Other comments:					
help.doc					_

<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

# 12.2 MAP-MO-FORWARD-SHORT-MESSAGE service

#### 12.2.1 Definition

This service is used between the serving MSC or the SGSN and the gateway-SMS Interworking MSC to forward mobile originated short messages.

The MAP-MO-FORWARD-SHORT-MESSAGE service is a confirmed service using the service primitives given in table 12.2/1.

### 3GPP TSG-CN WG4 Charleston, USA, 27-31 March 2000

**Document N4-00096**e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP99xxx
or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

		CHANGE	REQI	UEST		instructions on h	elp file at the botto ow to fill in this for	
		29.060	CR	086r1		Curr Versi	ent 3.4.0 on:	
GSM (AA.BB) or 3	G (AA.BBB) specific	ation number↑		↑ CR	number as	s allocated by MC	CC support team	
list expected approval	For submission to: CN#08 for approval X strategic non-strategic X (for SMG use only)							e only)
							org/Information/CR-F	
Proposed chan  (at least one should be	<u>.</u>	(U)SIM	ME	U	TRAN /	Radio	Netwo	ore X ork
Source:	N4					Date:	28 March	2000
Subject:	Encoding o	f spare IMSI Digit	S					
Work item:	TEI							
Category:	F Correction				X	Releas e:	Phase 2	
(only one category shall be marked	B Addition of	modification of fea		rlier releas	e		Release 96 Release 98 Release 98 Release 00	7 3 9 <b>X</b>
Reason for	Category C	1:						
<u>change:</u>	allow 3 digitaccidentally IMSI digits whereas in	meeting a chang t MNCs by including removed the end is not provided in TS 29.060 the IM this change reque	ng a refe coding of TS 24.0 SI IE is	erence to T f unused IM 08 since th fixed length	S 24.00 ISI digi e IMSI n param	08 but in the ts. The encist defined a neter.	e process coding of unu s variable le	ised ngth
	IMSI digits.							
Clauses affected: 7.7.2								
Other specs affected:		cifications	-	ightarrow List of C ightarrow List of C ightarrow List of C ightarrow List of C	CRs: CRs: CRs:			
Other comments:								

# 7.7.2 International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)

The IMSI shall be the subscriber identity of the MS. The IMSI is defined in TS 23.003.

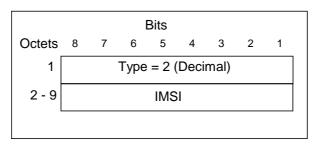


Figure 10: IMSI information element

The encoding of the IMSI information element is defined in TS 24.008. <u>IMSI digits that are not used shall be coded as binary "1 1 1 1".</u>

## 3GPP TSG-CN WG4 Meeting #1 Charleston, USA, 27-31 March 2000

# Document N4-000034

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

	CHANGE REQUEST  Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.						
	29.060 CR 088 Current Version: 3.4.0						
GSM (AA.BB) or 30	G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑						
list expected approval n	For submission to: CN#08 for approval X strategic non-strategic X (for SMG use only)  Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc						
Proposed change (at least one should be in							
Source:	N4 Date: March 21 <sup>st</sup> 2000						
Subject:	Possible cause codes for Relocation Cancel Response						
Work item:	TEI						
Category:  (only one category shall be marked with an X)	A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release  B Addition of feature  C Functional modification of feature  Release 96 Release 97 Release 98						
Reason for change:	Currently the list of possible cause values for the Relocation Cancel Response message only contains one value: 'Request Accepted'. A number of reject cause codes needs to be added.						
Clauses affecte	<u>d:</u>						
Other specs affected:	Other 3G core specifications Other GSM core specifications MS test specifications BSS test specifications O&M specifications  → List of CRs: → List of CRs: → List of CRs: → List of CRs: → List of CRs: → List of CRs:						
Other comments:							

## 7.5.10 Relocation Cancel Response

The Relocation Cancel Response message is sent from the new SGSN to the old SGSN when the relocation procedure has been cancelled in the new SGSN. This message is used as the response to the Relocation Cancel Request message.

Possible Cause values is:

- 'Request Accepted'
- 'IMSI not known'
- 'Mandatory IE incorrect'
- 'Mandatory IE missing'
- 'Optional IE incorrect'
- 'Invalid message format'
- 'Version not supported'

The optional Private Extension contains vendor or operator specific information.

Table 36: Information elements in a Relocation Cancel Response

Information element	Presence requirement	Reference
Cause	Mandatory	7.7.1
Private Extension	Optional	7.7.26